

# KNEUS SCHOLASTIC APTITUDE TEST (KSAT - II)

**Syllabus** 

and

**Sample Questions** 

With a Model Question Paper

**CLASS-VIII** 

# KNEUS SCHOLASTIC APTITUDE TEST

Students kindly go through the syllabus given and prepare accordingly.

The questions given in this booklet are sample questions. These questions need not appear in the test.

The answer key is given at the end

Both Part A and B are to be attempted compulsorily

#### **SYLLABUS OUTLINE**

#### PART - A Objective Type (General Studies)

- English
- Mathematics
- Science Physics, Chemistry, Biology
- Social Studies
- General Knowledge

#### **PART - B** (Subjective Type)

Essay Writing

# PART A ENGLISH

#### **SYLLABUS**

- 1. Comprehension
- 2. Determiners
- 3. Preposition
- 4. Form of the Verb (Tense)
- 5. Conjunction
- 6. Transitive, Intransitive and Linking Verb
- 7. Infinitive Gerund and Participle
- 8. Adverb clause, Noun clause, Adjective clause
- 9. Active and Passive Voice
- 10. Modal

#### Read the passage carefully.

Early rising leads to health and happiness. The man who rises late can have little rest in the course of the day. Anyone who lies in the bed late is compelled to work till a late hour in the evening. He has to go without the evening exercise which is so necessary for his health. Inspite of all his efforts his work will not produce as good results as that of the early riser. The reason for this is that he cannot take advantage of the refreshing hours of the morning. Some people say that the quite hours of midnight is the best time for working. Several great thinkers say that they can write best only when they burn the mid night oil. Yet it is true to say that a few men have a clear brain

at mid night when the body needs rest and sleep. Those who work at that time soon ruin their health. Bad health must in the long run, have a bad effect on the quality of their work.

# Choose the correct option to complete the sentence.

1.	An	early riser							
	(a)	has bad health	(b)	remains unhappy through out the day					
	(c)	has good health.	(d)	Feels feverish throughout the day.					
2.	Anyone who gets up late in the morning:								
	(a)	has to work till late hours in the eveni	ng.						
	(b)	Can finish his work in time.							
	(c)	Remain happy throughout the day.							
	(d)	Can do his work leisurely during the o	lay.						
3.	Mo	rning hours are :							
	(a)	dull	(b)	tiresome					
	(c)	refreshing	(d)	feverish					
4.	Mid	night is the best time for:							
	(a)	working	(b)	walking					
	(c)	sleeping	(d)	stealing					
5.	Tho	se who work at mid night:							
	(a)	have long life.	(b)	remain healthy and strong.					
	(c)	Get a lot of time for sleeping	(d)	Ruin their health.					
	<u>Giv</u>	e the antonyms:							
6.	Ruir	1							
	(a)	constrict	(b)	constrain					
	(c)	construct	(d)	constitute					
7.	Sev	eral							
	(a)	decrease	(b)	little					
	(c)	a few	(d)	least					
	<u>Giv</u>	re the synonyms:							
8.	Refi	reshing							
	(a)	Producing	(b)	Surprising					
	(c)	Encouraging	(d)	Pleasant					
9.	Con	npel							
	(a)	to control	(b)	to order					
	(c)	to force	(d)	to pressure					

	Fill in the blanks with correct	determines :	
10.	She bought a gift for	child.	
	(a) few	(b)	some
	(c) every	(d)	any
11.	I believe he has	influence over he	r.
	(a) much	(b)	any
	(c) some	(d)	many
12.	There is nori	ce left.	
	(a) any	(b)	few
	(c) some	(d)	much
13.	person found v	iolating curfew or	der will be immediately arrested.
	(a) Few	(b)	Some
	(c) Any	(d)	All
14.	There is a wonderful view from.	b	alcony.
	(a) these	(b)	those
	(c) this	(d)	there
15.	I foundof the	plays interesting.	
	(a) each	(b)	either
	(c) little	(d)	neither
16.	There is sowor	k to finish that I	don't know which to begin.
	(a) some	(b)	few
	(c) many	(d)	much
17.	I moved into my new house	wee	ks back
	(a) much	(b)	any
	(c) a few	(d)	little
18.	Don't ask me for any money. I	have already spen	ntI had.
	(a) a few	(b)	little
	(c) many	(d)	the little
19.	member was gi	ven the instruction	ns.
	(a) Any	(b)	Some
	(c) Each	(d)	First
	Write the preposition to com	plete the sentenc	es:
20.	Lend me your book		
	(a) within	(b)	by
	(c) during	(d)	for
21.	They came back.	a month.	
	(a) for	(b)	throughout
	(c) within	(d)	during
22.	The boy is standing	the wall.	
	(a) beside	(b)	under
	(c) among	(d)	along

23.	My aunt camethe Rajdl	hani Expr	ess.
	(a) on	(b)	for
	(c) upon	(d)	by
24.	working for his boss, h	ne does al	l house hold chores.
	(a) along	(b)	beside
	(c) over	(d)	besides
25.	She cameher room.		
	(a) to	(b)	in
	(c) into	(d)	on
26.	The horse jumpedthe fe	ence.	
	(a) below	(b)	over
	(c) above	(d)	on
27.	Keep your booksthe ta	ıble.	
	(a) in	(b)	upon
	(c) on	(d)	into
28.	The injured person died	.no time.	
	(a) in	(b)	at
	(c) on	(d)	before
29.	He had been workingyo	esterday.	
	(a) For	(b)	during
	(c) throughout	(d)	since
	Fill in the blank with the correct form	m of the	verb.
30.	Madhu and Anufor two	o hours.	
	(a) was shopping	(b)	have been shopping
	(c) were shopping	(d)	has been shopping
31.	When youto New Delh	ii, Pay us	a visit.
	(a) came	(b)	come
	(c) comers	(d)	have come
32.	The thiefescaped from t	the sight.	
	(a) were	(b)	had
	(c) has	(d)	have
33.	Weto Bangalore next w	veek.	
	(a) has been going	(b)	was going
	(c) are going	(d)	were going
34.	Our schoolfor winter b	reak on 2	25th December.
	(a) closes	(b)	closed
	(c) in closing	(d)	as closing
35.	I am hopeful that one day India	a grea	at country.
	(a) was	(b)	is
	(c) will be	(d)	were
36.	The captain was sorry that his team		the match.

	(a) has been losing	(b)	loses
	(c) lost	(d)	was losing
37.	He talks as if hea great	scholar.	
	(a) in	(b)	were
	(c) will be	(d)	can
38.	I shall reach the station by the time the tra	ain	
	(a) reached	(b)	will be reaching
	(c) reach	(d)	reaches
39.	Her father much money b	efore h	e retired.
	(a) has saved	(b)	saved
	(c) had saved	(d)	had been saving
	Use an appropriate conjunction to fill t	the bla	nks.
40.			
	(a) as if	(b)	so that
	(c) otherwise	(d)	that
41.	She appearsshe were a f	ilm star	•
	(a) yet	(b)	that
	(c) even if	(d)	as if
42.	I help himhe is my friend	<b>l</b> .	
	(a) even though	(b)	that
	(c) because	(d)	as
43.	He saved some moneyhe	might	use it in Future.
	(a) because	(b)	yet
	(c) so	(d)	so that
44.	I offered to help hershe	refused	my help.
	(a) for	(b)	but
	(c) yet	` '	that
45.	•	•	-
	(a) as if	(b)	even though
	(c) for	(d)	even
46.	6	_	
	(a) but	(b)	where as
	(c) only	(d)	for
47.	You are intelligentyou have		
	(a) yet	(b)	eve though
46	(c) but	(d)	still
48.	She is neither a teachera		. ***
	(a) else	(b)	still
	(c) nor	(d)	vet

<u>M</u> 6	ention which form of the verb is used	d trans	sitive, intransitive verb or a linking verb.
. He	spoke the truth.		
(a)	transitive	(b)	intransitive
(c)	linking verb	(d)	None of these
. He	went mad.		
(a)	transitive	(b)	linking verb
(c)	Intransitive	(d)	None of these
. The	e dog jumped.		
(a)	Linking verb	(b)	transitive verb
(c)	intransitive verb	(d)	None of these
. The	e Rose looks beautiful.		
(a)	Intransitive verb	(b)	Linking verb
(c)	Transitive verb	(d)	None of these
. Wh	nat kind of a man is the new manager of	of the l	bank ?
(a)	Linking verb	(b)	Transitive
(c)	Intransitive verb	(d)	None of these
Rea	ad the sentences carefully and find o	ut wha	at is used; Infinitive, Gerund or Participle
. She	e heard her baby weep.		
(a)	Infinitive	(b)	Gerund
(c)	Participle	(d)	None of these
. I h	ave heard this.		
(a)	Participle	(b)	Infinitive
(c)	Gerund	(d)	None of these
. I sa	aw a flying bird.		
(a)	Gerund	(b)	Infinitive
(c)	Participle	(d)	None of these
. Chi	ildren are fond of Playing.		
(a)	Participle	(b)	Gerund
(c)	Infinitive	(d)	None of these
. Ha	ving heard the lecture, we returned hom	ne.	
(a)	Infinitive	(b)	Gerund
(c)	Participle	(d)	None of these
Ch	assa 4ha wight bind of Advant Clare		d in the contones
	oose the right kind of Adverb Claus here there is will, there is a way.	ses use	ed in the sentences.
. wi		(b)	Adverb clause of reason
(a) (c)	Adverb clause of place	(d)	None of these
` '	ough she is clever, she is not proud.	(u)	None of these
	Adverb clause of reason	(b)	Adverb clause of Place
(a)		(b)	
(c)	Adverb clause of condition	(d)	None of these

61.	I felt very happy when I saw Krishna.		
	(a) Adverb of clause of condition	(b)	Adverb clause of reason
	(c) Adverb clause of place	(d)	None of these
62.	You must do this whether you like it or no	t	
	(a) Adverb clause of reason.	(b)	Adverb clause of condition
	(c) Advert clause of place	(d)	None of these
63.	I am Glad that she has got promotion.		
	(a) Adverb clause of reason	(b)	Adverb clause of place
	(c) Adverb clause of condition	(d)	None of these
	Fill in the blanks with Passive form of	the ve	erbs :
64.	A mapby you (draw).		
	(a) drew	(b)	were drawn
	(c) was drawn	(d)	None of these
65.	Youby me. (help)		
	(a) was helped	(b)	will be helped
	(c) has been helped	(d)	None of these
66.	The houseby the mother. (n	nanage	r)
	(a) are managed	(b)	had managed
	(c) is managed	(d)	will have been managed
67.	The beggarat by him. (laug	gh)	
	(a) will be laughed	(b)	is laughed
	(c) laughed	(d)	was laughed
68.	A guestby us today. (expect	t)	
	(a) will have expected	(b)	was expected
	(c) is being expected	(d)	were expected
69.	The patientto hospital tomor	rrow. (	take)
	(a) was being taken	(b)	is taken
	(c) will be taken	(d)	taken
70.	The sumsby you (solve).		
	(a) will have been solved	(b)	was solved
	(c) is being solved	(d)	has been solved
71.	The cricket matchby him. (1	play)	
	(a) had played	(b)	were played
	(c) played	(d)	will have been played
72.	Toysby children (like).		
	(a) is liked	(b)	had been liked
	(c) will have been liked	(d)	are liked
73.	Youto get up early in the m	norning	(advise).
	(a) is advised	(b)	Shall have been advised
	(c) have advised	(d)	are advised

	Con	nplete the	e blank	s in the	follov	ving ser	itence	es with ar	propr	iate mo	dal ve	rbs :	
74.			I call	John jus	t now	for he i	s com	ing tomor	row to	visit me	ð.		
	(a)	must					(b)	need					
	(c)	should					(d)	ought to					
75.	She		su	self.									
	(a)	need					(b)	would					
	(c)	must					(d)	could					
76.	I		like t	o show	you ar	ound wl	hen yo	ou visit.					
	(a)	might					(b)	would					
	(c)	should					(d)	could					
77.	She		vis	sit her g	rand m	other ne	ext we	ekend:					
	(a)	could					(b)	should					
	(c)	might					(d)	need					
78.	Jyot	i asked m	e if I		li	ke to co	me to	the party	too.				
	(a)	could					(b)	would					
	(c)	might					(d)	will					
79.	You		no	ot speak	to me	like tha	it ever	again.					
	(a)	must					(b)	should					
	(c)	dare					(d)	ought					
80.	I kn	ow I		tell	the tru	th, but I	I'm af	raid.					
	(a)	dare					(b)	should					
	(c)	need					(d)	ought					
						ANSWI	ER - K	XEV					
1.	c	2.	a	3.	c	4.	c	5.	d	6.	c	7.	c
8.	d	9.	c	10.	c	11.	c	12.	c	13.	c	14.	c
15.	d	16.	d	17.	c	18.	d	19.	c	20.	d	21.	c
22.	d	23.	d	24.	d	25.	c	26.	b	27.	c	28.	a
29.	d	30.	b	31.	b	32.	b	33.	c	34.	a	35.	c
36.	d	37.	b	38.	d	39.	c	40.	c	41.	d	42.	c
43.	d	44.	b	45.	c	46.	c	47.	d	48.	c	49.	a
50.	b	51.	c	52.	d	53.	d	54.	a	55.	d	56.	c
57.	b	58.	c	59.	c	60.	d	61.	d	62.	b	63.	a
64.	c	65.	b	66.	c	67.	d	68.	c	69.	c	70.	d
71.	d	72.	d	73.	d	74.	c	75.	c	76.	b	77.	c
78.	b	79.	b	80.	b								

#### **SYLLABUS**

1. NUMBER SYSTEM

Fundamental operation on natural numbers, whole numbers and integers, rational numbers. LCM and HCF, fractions and decimals, Power and roots.

2. ARITHMATIC

Ratio and proportion, percentage and profit and loss, speed and distance, work and time.

3. ALGEBRA

Fundamental operation on algebraic expression, simplification and simultaneous linear equations.

4. GEOMETRY

Lines and angles, triangles squares, rectangle, parallelograms and circles

5. MENSURATION

Area and perimeter of triangle, squares, rectangles, parallelogram and rhombus Surface area and volume of cubes and cuboids

#### **NUMBER SYSTEM**

1.  $3.\overline{25}$  is equal to

(a) 
$$\frac{320}{99}$$

(b) 
$$\frac{321}{99}$$

(c) 
$$\frac{322}{99}$$

(d) 
$$\frac{323}{99}$$

2. The product of  $\sqrt{2}$  and  $\sqrt[3]{5}$  is

(a) 
$$\sqrt[6]{375}$$

(b) 
$$\sqrt[6]{200}$$

(c) 
$$\sqrt[6]{225}$$

(d) 
$$\sqrt[6]{175}$$

3. Simplified value of  $\frac{3+\sqrt{5}}{3-\sqrt{5}} + \frac{3-\sqrt{5}}{3+\sqrt{5}}$  is;

(a) 5

(b) 7

(c)  $\sqrt{5}$ 

(d)  $2\sqrt{5}$ 

4. The successor of lowest positive integer is

(a) 1

(b) 2

(c) 3

(d) 4

5. If  $3^x = 1$ ; the value of x is

(a) 0

(b) 1

(c) 3

(d) none of these

6.	The	value of $ -3  +  -10 $ is		
	(a)	7	(b)	-7
	(c)	13	(d)	-13
7.	$\sqrt[3]{-1}$	is equal to		
	(a)	-5	(b)	5
	(c)	$5\sqrt{5}$	(d)	$-5\sqrt{5}$
8.	IfH	ICF and LCM of the given numbers is 4 and	l 25 th	nen product of the numbers is
	(a)		(b)	25
	(c)	50	(d)	100
9.	If 60	$0\%$ of $\frac{3}{5}$ of a number is 36, then number is	S	
	(a)	80	(b)	100
	(c)	75	(d)	90
10.	Who	en 700 is divided into two parts such that	10% o	f one part exceeds 60% of the other part by 80.
	The	greater part is;		
	(a)	700	(b)	600
	(c)	500	(d)	400
11.	The	average of 15 numbers is 18. The average of	of first	8 is $19$ and that last $8$ is $17$ , then the $8$ <sup>th</sup> number is
	(a)	15	(b)	16
	(c)	18	(d)	20
12.	Thre	ee numbers are in the ratio 1:2:3 and their	HCF i	s 12. The number is
	(a)	4, 8, 12	(b)	5, 10, 15
	(c)	10, 20, 30	(d)	12, 24, 36
13.	The	value of $\frac{(2.39)^2 - (1.61)^2}{(2.39 - 1.61)}$ is		
	(a) (c)	2	(b) (d)	4
	(c)	6	(d)	3
14.	If $\frac{2}{5}$	of an estate be worth Rs 16800, then the	value	$e$ of $\frac{3}{7}$ of the estate is Rs.
	(a)	9000	(b)	21000
	(c)	7200	(d)	90000
15.	The	difference between a number and its three f		
	(a)		(b)	100
	(c)	125	(d)	50

#### **ALGEBRA**

# 16. If $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} = \frac{1}{2z}$ then z is equal to

(a) 
$$\frac{x+y}{2xy}$$

(b) 
$$\frac{xy}{2(x+y)}$$

(c) 
$$\frac{xy}{x+y}$$

(d) 
$$\frac{x+y}{xy}$$

17. If x = 3 and y = 4 then  $x^{y} - y^{x}$  is

18. If  $2^{2x-3} = 32$ , then the value of x is

19. If x - y = 2 and x y = 24, then  $x^2 + y^2$  is

20. If x + y = 10 and x y = 24, then x - y is

21. If x - 30 % of x = 35, then the value of x is

22. If twice of a number increased by 9 equals to 17. Then the number is

(a) 8

(b) 4

(c) 6

(d) 13

23. The sum of two numbers is 20 and their product is 40. The sum of their reciprocals is

(a) 1/10

(b) 1/2

(c) 2

(d) 4

24. If x < -1 then  $x^2$ 

(a) 
$$= 1$$

(b) 
$$< 1$$

(c) 
$$> 1$$

(d) none of these

25. If  $9^x = 27$  then x is equal to

(a) 1/2

(b) 3/2

(c) 3

(d) 2/3

26. The degree of polynomial  $x^7 y^1 + x^5 y^3 + x^4 y^5$  is

(a) 8

(b) 7

(c) 9

(d) 6

27.	If $2m + \frac{1}{2m} = 4$ then the value of $m^2 +$	$\frac{1}{16m^2}$ is	
	(a) $\frac{3}{2}$	(b)	$\frac{1}{2}$
	(c) $\frac{5}{2}$	(d)	$\frac{7}{2}$
28.	If $x + y = 2$ and $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} = 2$ then the value	$e of x^3 + y^3$	is
	(a) 1	(b)	4
	(c) 3	(d)	2
29.	Twelve years hence a man will be four time	nes as he wa	s 12 years ago, then his present age is
	(a) 25 years	(b)	20 years
	(c) 28 years	(d)	30 years
30.	If $x + \frac{1}{x} = 2$ , then $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$ is equal to		
	(a) 2	(b)	0
	(a) 2 (c) 4	(d)	6
	ARITHMATIC		
31.	If A: $B = 3:4$ and $B: C = 5:6$ then A and	nd C is	
31.	If A: $B = 3:4$ and $B: C = 5:6$ then A are (a) 5:9	nd C is (b)	3:4
31.			3:4 5:8
	(a) 5:9 (c) 1:2	(b) (d)	
	<ul><li>(a) 5:9</li><li>(c) 1:2</li><li>If the ratio of boys and girls in the class is</li></ul>	(b) (d)	5:8
	<ul><li>(a) 5:9</li><li>(c) 1:2</li><li>If the ratio of boys and girls in the class is student in the class.</li></ul>	(b) (d) 3: 5 and gir	5:8 rls are 6 more than boys find the number of total
	<ul> <li>(a) 5:9</li> <li>(c) 1:2</li> <li>If the ratio of boys and girls in the class is student in the class.</li> <li>(a) 22</li> <li>(c) 9</li> </ul>	(b) (d) (3: 5 and gir (b) (d)	5:8 rls are 6 more than boys find the number of total  24 15
32.	<ul> <li>(a) 5:9</li> <li>(c) 1:2</li> <li>If the ratio of boys and girls in the class is student in the class.</li> <li>(a) 22</li> <li>(c) 9</li> </ul>	(b) (d) (3: 5 and gir (b) (d)	5:8 rls are 6 more than boys find the number of total  24 15
32.	<ul> <li>(a) 5:9</li> <li>(c) 1:2</li> <li>If the ratio of boys and girls in the class is student in the class.</li> <li>(a) 22</li> <li>(c) 9</li> <li>By selling an article of Rs 570 Aman loses</li> </ul>	(b) (d) (3: 5 and gir (b) (d) (55%. At who	5:8 rls are 6 more than boys find the number of total  24 15 at price must he sell it to gain 5 %?
32. 33.	<ul> <li>(a) 5:9</li> <li>(c) 1:2</li> <li>If the ratio of boys and girls in the class is student in the class.</li> <li>(a) 22</li> <li>(c) 9</li> <li>By selling an article of Rs 570 Aman loses</li> <li>(a) Rs. 630</li> </ul>	(b) (d) (3: 5 and gir (b) (d) (55%. At wh	5:8 rls are 6 more than boys find the number of total  24 15 at price must he sell it to gain 5 %? Rs. 650
32. 33.	<ul> <li>(a) 5:9</li> <li>(c) 1:2</li> <li>If the ratio of boys and girls in the class is student in the class.</li> <li>(a) 22</li> <li>(c) 9</li> <li>By selling an article of Rs 570 Aman loses</li> <li>(a) Rs. 630</li> <li>(c) Rs. 580</li> </ul>	(b) (d) (3: 5 and gir (b) (d) (55%. At wh	5:8 rls are 6 more than boys find the number of total  24 15 at price must he sell it to gain 5 %? Rs. 650
32. 33.	<ul> <li>(a) 5:9</li> <li>(c) 1:2</li> <li>If the ratio of boys and girls in the class is student in the class.</li> <li>(a) 22</li> <li>(c) 9</li> <li>By selling an article of Rs 570 Aman loses</li> <li>(a) Rs. 630</li> <li>(c) Rs. 580</li> <li>90 km/hr is same as</li> </ul>	(b) (d) (3: 5 and gir (b) (d) (5%. At wh (b) (d)	5:8  rls are 6 more than boys find the number of total  24  15  at price must he sell it to gain 5 %?  Rs. 650  Rs. 620
32. 33.	(a) 5:9 (c) 1:2  If the ratio of boys and girls in the class is student in the class.  (a) 22 (c) 9  By selling an article of Rs 570 Aman loses  (a) Rs. 630 (c) Rs. 580  90 km/hr is same as  (a) 50m/sec (c) 25m/min	(b) (d) (3: 5 and gir (b) (d) (55%. At wh (b) (d) (b) (d)	5:8 rls are 6 more than boys find the number of total  24 15 at price must he sell it to gain 5 %? Rs. 650 Rs. 620  25m/sec 50m/min
<ul><li>32.</li><li>33.</li><li>34.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(a) 5:9</li> <li>(c) 1:2</li> <li>If the ratio of boys and girls in the class is student in the class.</li> <li>(a) 22</li> <li>(c) 9</li> <li>By selling an article of Rs 570 Aman loses</li> <li>(a) Rs. 630</li> <li>(c) Rs. 580</li> <li>90 km/hr is same as</li> <li>(a) 50m/sec</li> <li>(c) 25m/min</li> </ul>	(b) (d) (3: 5 and gir (b) (d) (55%. At wh (b) (d) (b) (d)	5:8 rls are 6 more than boys find the number of total  24 15 at price must he sell it to gain 5 %? Rs. 650 Rs. 620  25m/sec 50m/min
<ul><li>32.</li><li>33.</li><li>34.</li></ul>	(a) 5:9 (c) 1:2  If the ratio of boys and girls in the class is student in the class.  (a) 22 (c) 9  By selling an article of Rs 570 Aman loses  (a) Rs. 630 (c) Rs. 580  90 km/hr is same as  (a) 50m/sec (c) 25m/min  The milk and water ratio in 16 litre mixture	(b) (d) (3:5 and gir (b) (d) (5%. At wh (b) (d) (b) (d) (e) (in the second of the seco	5:8 rls are 6 more than boys find the number of total  24 15 at price must he sell it to gain 5 %? Rs. 650 Rs. 620  25m/sec 50m/min n amount of milk is

36.	A train running at a speed of 90 km/hr tak train is	es 5 seconds	to pass a certain point. Then the length of the
	(a) 120m	` /	25 m
	(c) 180 m	(d) 4	.50 m
37.	$10\frac{2}{3}$ % of 1500 is		
	(a) 220	( )	00
	(c) 180	(d) 1	60
38.	The simple interest on Rs 10000 is $2\frac{1}{2}$ ye	ears at 4 % pe	er annum is Rs.
	(a) 1000	(b) 8	3000
	(c) 1200	(d) 1	500
39.	A shopkeeper purchases 11 pens for Rs. 10	and sells the	m at the rate of 10 for Rs. 11, then the profit is
	(a) 18%	(b) 1	9%
	(c) 20%	(d) 2	1%
40.	If the cost price of 8 articles is same as selli	ng price of 10	articles, then the lost percentage is
	(a) 12%	(b) 1:	5%
	(c) 20%	(d) no	one of these
41.	The average salary of 30 workers in a fac included. The average salary comes out to	-	00 per month. If the salary of the manager is The salary of the manager is Rs.
	(a) 20, 500	(b) 2	0, 000
	(c) 15000	(d) 2	2500
42.	A can do a job in 12 days and B can do the job?	ame job in 6 o	days. In how many days they can complete the
	(a) 4 days	(b) 6	days
	(c) 5 days	(d) 2	.5 days
	GEOMETRY		
43.	The angle subtended at a point is equal to		
	(a) 0°	(b) 9	0°
	(c) 180°	( )	60°
44.		( )	
	(a) 140°		0°
	(c) 60°	( )	20°
45.		()	
	(a) 30°	(b) 9	0°
	(c) 60°	( )	20°
	\ /	()	

46.	The	measure of the angle between the internal ar	nd ext	ernal bisectors of an angle is
	(a)	60°	(b)	70°
	(c)	80°	(d)	90°
47.	The	sum of the adjacent angles in the parallelogr	am is	
	(a)	90°	(b)	60°
	(c)	180°	(d)	360°
48.	Ifth	e diagonals of a rhombus are 18 cm and 24	cm, tł	nen its side is
	(a)	15 cm	(b)	12 cm
	(c)	18 cm	(d)	19 cm
49.	The	diagonals of a rhombus bisect each other at		
	(a)	90°	(b)	60°
	(c)	120°	(d)	180°
50.	The	sum of interior and exterior angle of a polyg	gon is	
	(a)	180°	(b)	270°
	(c)	360°	(d)	90°
51.	The	line segment joining at two points on a circle	e is ca	lled a/an
	(a)	arc	(b)	radius
	(c)	chord	(d)	tangent
52.	The	sum of exterior angle of a triangle is		
	(a)	180°	(b)	270°
	(c)	360°	(d)	540°
		NSURATION		
53.	The		ngth of	fits diagonal is 12 cm then the area of rhombus is
	(a)	95 cm <sup>2</sup>	(b)	96 cm <sup>2</sup>
	(c)	97 cm <sup>2</sup>	(d)	98 cm <sup>2</sup>
54.	The	number of vertices in the cuboid are		
	(a)	12	(b)	8
	(c)	6	(d)	5
55.	A ci	rcle has		
	(a)	10 sides	(b)	20 sides
	(c)	300 sides	(d)	infinite sides

56.	Ifea	ch of the dimensions of a rectangle is increa	ased by	y 100%, then the area is increased by
	(a)	100%	(b)	200%
	(c)	300%	(d)	400%
57.	The	number of cubes of side 3cm that can be cu	ıt fron	n a cube of side 6cm is
	(a)	6	(b)	5
	(c)	7	(d)	8
58.	The	ratio of the area of square to that of square	drawn	on its diagonal is
	(a)	1:1	(b)	1:2
	(c)	1:3	(d)	1:4
59.	The	sides of a triangle are 5 cm, 12 cm, and 13	cm, th	en the area of triangle is
	(a)	30 cm <sup>2</sup>	(b)	60 cm <sup>2</sup>
	(c)	65 cm <sup>2</sup>	(d)	78 cm <sup>2</sup>
60.	The	surface area of cube whose volume is 1000	cm³ is	S
	(a)	400 cm <sup>2</sup>	(b)	600 cm <sup>2</sup>
	(c)	900 cm <sup>2</sup>	(d)	300 cm
61.	Two	cubes have volumes in the ratio 1:27, then t	he rati	o of the area of the face of one to that of the other
	is			
	(a)	1:3	(b)	1:6
	(c)	1:9	(d)	1:18
62.	Ifth	e altitude of an equilateral triangle is $\sqrt{6}$ cm.	Its are	ea is
	(a)	$2\sqrt{3}$ cm <sup>2</sup>		$2\sqrt{2}$ cm <sup>2</sup>
	(c)	$3\sqrt{3}$ cm <sup>2</sup>	(d)	$6\sqrt{2}$ cm <sup>2</sup>
63.	The	height of a parallelogram of area 350 cm <sup>2</sup> a	ınd ba	se 25 cm is
	(a)	12 cm	(b)	13 cm
	(c)	14 cm	(d)	15 cm
64.	Ifar	ea of 4 walls of the hall whose breadth is 15	m and	height is 8 m is 512 m <sup>2</sup> . then the length of the hall
	is			
	(a)	14 m	(b)	16 m
	(c)	10 m	(d)	17 m
65.	Thre	ee metal cubes of volume 125 cm³, 64 cm³ a	nd 27	cm³ are melted to form a new cube then edge of
	new	cube formed is		
	(a)	12 cm	(b)	6 cm
	(c)	10 cm	(d)	15 cm

#### **ANSWER KEY**

1.	c	2. b	3.	b	4.	b	5.	a	6.	c	7.	a
8.	d	9. b	10.	c	11.	c	12.	d	13.	b	14.	a
15.	c	16. b	17.	a	18.	b	19.	b	20.	b	21.	c
22.	b	23. b	24.	c	25.	b	26.	c	27.	d	28.	d
29.	b	30. a	31.	d	32.	b	33.	a	34.	b	35.	b
36.	b	37. d	38.	a	39.	d	40.	c	41.	a	42.	a
43.	d	44. d	45.	d	46.	d	47.	c	48.	a	49.	a
50.	a	51. c	52.	c	53.	b	54.	b	55.	d	56.	c
57.	d	58. b	59.	a	60.	b	61.	c	62.	a	63.	c
64.	d	65. b										

#### **PHYSICS**

#### **SYLLABUS**

#### 1. MOTION AND TIME

Standard unit, Measurement of time, Speed, Uniform and Non-uniform motion, distance time graph.

#### 2. WIND, STORMS AND CYCLONES

Natural disasters, Air pressure, High speed wind causes reduced pressure, Air expands on heating, Wind currents, Thunderstorms, Cyclones and tornadoes, Cyclone forecasting and warning.

#### 3. HEAT AND ITS EFFECTS

What is heat and temperature? Effects of heat, Thermal expansion in solids, liquids and gases, Flow of heat through conduction, convection and radiation.

#### 4. LIGHT

Rectilinear propagation of light, Reflection of light, Real and virtual images, Spherical mirrors, Lenses and Spectrum.

#### 5. ELECTRIC CURRENT AND ITS EFFECTS

Electric current and electric circuits, Effects of electric current and the electromagnet conductors and insulators, electric cells.

#### **MOTION AND TIME**

- 1. A body moving with a constant velocity will have;
  - (a) Constant retardation

(b) Zero acceleration

(c) Constant acceleration

(d) Variable acceleration

2.	Tim	e period of simple pendulum depends of	n						
	(a)	Mass	(b)	Material					
	(c)	Size	(d)	Length					
3.	The	maximum displacement of the bob from	n its r	mean position is called its					
	(a)	Oscillation	(b)	Wave length					
	(c)	Frequency	(d)	Amplitude					
4.	Mot	ion of earth around the sun is							
	(a)	Periodic motion	(b)	Oscillatory motion					
	(c)	Rotatory motion	(d)	Random motion					
5.	The	frequency of second's pendulum is							
	(a)	2.0Hz	(b)	0.5 Hz					
	(c)	1.5Hz	(d)	1.0 Hz					
6.	In a	distance-time graph a line parallel to ti	me ax	xis (x-axis) represents					
	(a)	Uniform motion	(b)	Body at rest					
	(c)	Non- uniform motion	(d)	Uniform speed					
	WII	ND, STORMS AND CYCLONES							
7.	Air	pressure at a given place depends on							
	(a)	Temperature	(b)	Height					
	(c)	Depth	(d)	All the above					
8.	Cyclones causes due to								
	(a)	Low pressure	(b)	High pressure					
	(c)	Height of the place	(d)	None of these					
9.	The	instrument that is used to measure air I	oressu	ire is					
	(a)	Thermometer	(b)	Anenometer					
	(c)	Barometer	(d)	Galvanometer					
10.	One	of the major cause of flood is							
	(a)	Deforestation	(b)	Global warming					
	(c)	Green house effect	(d)	Pollution					
	HE	AT AND ITS EFFECTS							
11.	At v	what temperature do the Fahrenheit and	Celsi	us scales give the same reading?					
	(a)	- 40°	(b)	0°					
	(c)	273°	(d)	- 32°					
12.	The	process in which solids are directly cor	iverte	d into gaseous state is called					
	(a)	Vaporization	(b)	Sublimation					
	(c)	Condensation	(d)	Solidification					
13.	The	fastest mode of transfer of heat is							
	(a)	Radiation	(b)	Conduction					
	(c)	Convection	(d)	Propagation					

14.	32° F is equal to										
	(a) 273K	(b)	32° C								
	(c) 0 K	(d)	100° C								
15.	The density of water is maximum at										
	(a) 0° C	(b)	4° C								
	(c) -10° C	(d)	None of these								
	LIGHT										
16.	The image formed in a camera is										
	(a) Upright	(b)	Inverted								
	(c) Always enlarged	(d)	Always diminished								
17.	When the moon comes in between the s	sun and t	he Earth than it is								
	(b) Lunar eclipse	(b)	Solar eclipse								
	(c) No eclipse	(d)	None of these								
18.	Image formed by plane mirror is										
	(b) Virtual	(b)	Erect								
	(c) Laterally inverted	(d)	All the above								
19.	The image which can be focused on the	e screen i	s called image								
	(a) Virtual	(b)	Real								
	(c) Erect	(d)	Enlarged								
20.	An object is visible to us due to										
	(a) Regular reflection	(b)	Regular refraction								
	(c) Irregular reflection	(d)	Irregular refraction								
	ELECTRIC CURRENT AND ITS EI	FFECTS									
21.	An electric current is a flow of										
	(a) Protons	(b)	Neutrons								
	(c) Electrons	(d)	None of these								
22.	A fuse wire should have										
	(a) A low melting point	(b)	High melting point								
	(c) Very high melting point	(d)	None of these								
23.	A kilowatt- hour is a unit of										
	(b) Power	(b)	Energy								
	(c) Current	(d)	Voltage								
24.	The effect of current that is used in elec-	etric bell i	s called;								
	(b) Chemical effect	(b)	Heating effect								
	(c) Mechanical effect	(d)	Magnetic effect								
25.	Good conductors have many loosely box	und									
	(b) Atoms	(b)	Molecules								
	(c) Protons	(d)	Electrons								

#### ANSWER KEY

5. 1. b 2. d 3. d 4. b 6. b a 7. d 8. 12. a 9. c 10. 11. b a a 13. a 14. a 15. b 16. 17. 18. d b b 22. 19. b 20. c 21. c 23. 24. d a b

25. d

#### **CHEMISTRY**

#### **SYLLABUS**

(a)  $2H_2 + O_2 \rightarrow 2H_2O$ 

(c)  $2H_2O \rightarrow 2H_2 + O_2$ 

- I. Physical and Chemical Changes Equations of chemical change, Types of chemical reaction.
- II. Acids, Bases and Salts Formulae, uses, general properties.
- III. Chemistry in your Life Useful elements, Metals, Non-metals, Alloys, Organic compounds, Man- made materials.
- IV. Water Properties of water, Hard and soft water, Pollution of water.
- V. **Air and Its Constitutions** Air a mixture, Oxygen properties Carbon dioxide, Nitrogen, Raregases, Water Vapour.

	gases, Water - Vapour.										
1.	Physical change is:										
	(a) Temporary and reversible	(b)	Temporary and irreversible								
	(c) Temporary and permanent	(d)	None of these								
2.	The volume ratio of the hydrogen and oxygen obtained from water is :										
	(a) 1:1	(b)	2:1								
	(c) 1:1	(d)	2:2								
3.	In which of the following cases will the mass of the substance change?										
	(a) The freezing of water	(b)	The burning of wood								
	(c) The glowing of an electric bulb	(d)	The melting of ice								
4.	Which law is followed by chemical change.										
	(a) Law of conservation of mass	(b)	Boyle's law								
	(c) Law of energy	(d)	None of these								
5.	Hydrogen was discovered by:										
	(a) Henry Cavendish	(b)	Einstein								
	(c) Theodar	(d)	Robert Hook								
6.	Complete the reaction $2H_2 + O_2 \rightarrow$										
	(a) H <sub>2</sub> O	(b)	$H_2O_2$								
	(c) 2H <sub>2</sub> O	(d)	$2H_2O_2$								
7	Which of the following equations represe	ents a disi	placement reaction ?								

(b)  $N_2 + 3H_2 \rightarrow 2NH_3$ 

(d) Mg + H<sub>2</sub>O  $\rightarrow$  MgO + H<sub>2</sub>

8.	Sour things we eat contain organic acids, so vinegar contains:									
	(a) Malic acid	(b)	Tartaric acid							
	(c) Lactic acid	(d)	acetic acid							
9.	To dilute a concentrated acid we add:									
	(a) Acid to the water	(b)	Water to the acid							
	(c) Acid and base together	(d)	Base to acid							
10.	Taj Mahal is made up of marble which is:									
	(a) Calcium sulphate	(b)	Calcium Oxide							
	(c) Calcium Carbonate	(d)	Calcium Bio Carbonate							
11.	Souring agent for pickles:									
	(a) Tartaric acid	(b)	Citric acid							
	(c) Sulphuric acid	(d)	Nitric acid							
12.	Name the given reaction HCl + NaOH $\rightarrow$	NaC	$Cl + H_2O$							
	(a) Decomposition	(b)	Neutralization							
	(c) Reduction	(d)	None of these							
13.	Plaster applied over broken limbs is actually	:								
	(a) Calcium Sulphate	(b)	Calcium Carbonate							
	(c) Calcium Chloride	(d)	Calcium Oxide							
14.	A dilute solution of phenol phthalein when a	dded	in alkaline solution it turns:							
	(a) Blue	(b)	Black							
	(c) Pink	(d)	Yellow							
15.	If a solution has pH <sub>7</sub> then the solution is :									
	(a) Acidic	(b)	Basic							
	(c) Neutral	(d)	None of these							
16.	Soluble bases are called:									
	(a) Compound	(b)	Elements							
	(c) Alkalis	(d)	Basic Salt							
17.	Which inert gas is filled in electric bulbs:									
	(a) Neon	(b)	Helium							
	(c) Hydrogen	(d)	Argon							
18.	Copper and zinc together make an alloy wh	ich is	:							
	(a) Bronze	(b)	Duralumin							
	(c) Brass	(d)	Steel							
19.	Crystalline form of carbon is:									
	(a) Gold	(b)	Silver							
	(c) Diamond	(d)	Lead							
20.	Pure gold is said to be:									
	(a) 22 Carats	(b)	23 Carats							
	(c) 25 Carats	(d)	24 Carats							

21.	Che	mical form	ula for	washing	soda	is:								
	(a)	Mg(OH) <sub>2</sub>	2				(b)	NaHCO	3					
	(c)	$Na_2O_3$					(d)	Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	.10H <sub>2</sub> 0	O				
22.	The	purest for	m of w	vater is:										
	(a)	River Wa	iter				(b)	Rain wa	ter					
	(c)	Sea wate	er				(d)	Tapwate	r					
23.	3. The density of ice isthen water.													
	(a)	More					(b)	Less						
	(c)	Equal					(d)	Nil						
24.	The	boiling po	int of v	water va	ries wi	th:								
	(a)	Temperat			(b)	Pressure								
(c) Volume					(d)	Density								
25. Which of the following processes are not a part of purification of water at						at the water works?								
	(a) Sedimentation						(b)	(b) Filteration						
	(c)	Chlorinati	on				(d)	d) Boiling						
26.	Neit	her air-fre	e water	nor mo	isture	free air	can c	ause :						
	(a)	Oxidation	1				(b)	Reductio	n					
	(c)	Rusting					(d)	None						
27.	Hov	v is the ox	xygen o	f air ren	ewed :	:								
	(a)	Respiration	n				(b)	Breathing	3					
	(c)	Photosyn	thesis				(d)	None of	these					
						ANSW	ER - I	KEY						
1.	a	2.	b	3.	b	4.	a	5.	a	6.	c	7.	d	
8.	d	9.	b	10.	c	11.	a	12.	b	13.	b	14.	c	
15.	c	16.	c	17.	b	18.	c	19.	c	20.	d	21.	d	
22.	b	23.	b	24.	b	25.	d	26.	c	27.	c			

# **BIOLOGY**

# **SYLLABUS**

I.	The Cell - Discovery of the cell, structure, shape and size, cell Division (Introduction)
II.	Organization in living things - Levels of organisation, Plant tissues, Animal Tissues

- III. Respiration in plants and animals Process of breathing, Mechanism of breathing, Respiration
- S,

	in p	lants, Transpiration.								
IV.	<b>Nutrition in Plants and Animals</b> - Modes of nutrition, Nutrition in humans, Nutrition in plants Transportation in plants.									
V.	Life	under Microscope - Bacteria, Algae, F	rotoz	oans, Fungi, Viruses, Useful Microorganisms						
1.		basic unit of life, both structurally and fi		·						
	(a)	Tissue	(b)	Cell						
	(c)	Cytoplasm	(d)	Membrane						
2.	The	cell which can change its shape frequent	tly:							
	(a)	Amoeba	(b)	Rhizopus						
	(c)	RBCs	(d)	None of these						
3.	Nun	Number of chromosomes in each cell of human is:								
	(a)	16	(b)	46						
	(c)	26	(d)	56						
4.	Whi	ch part of the cell has nick name 'Powe	r hou	se of the cell':						
	(a)	Golgi Body	(b)	Lysosomes						
	(c)	Mitochondria	(d)	Cell wall						
5.	Whi	Which cell organelle help a plant trap solar energy.								
	(a)	Leveoplast	(b)	Chromoplast						
	(c)	Thromboplast	(d)	Chloroplast						
6.	The	scientist who coined the biological term	cell:							
	(a)	Robert Hooke	(b)	Leeuwenhock						
	(c)	Rudolf	(d)	Matthias						
7.	The	outer most non-living part of plant cell.								
	(a)	Tonoplast	(b)	Chloroplast						
	(c)	cell-wall	(d)	Cell-membrane						
8.	Hea	ling of wounds takes place as a result o	f whice	ch process :						
	(a)	Respiration	(b)	Excretion						
	. ,	Cell-Division	` '	None of these						

9.	If we touch a hot article, we immediately withdraw our hand, if touch is a stimulus then withdrawing hand is:							
	(a)	Response	(b)	Movement				
	(c)	Metabolism	(d)	None of these				
10.	. ,	piration - Oxygen, Photosynthesis:	` '	,				
	(a)	Nitrogen	(b)	Water				
	(c)	Carbondioxide	(d)	Hydrogen				
11.	Plan	nt tissue that has the unique capacity to d	livide	continuously:				
	(a)	Meristematic tissue	(b)	Parenchyma				
	(c)	Xylem	(d)	None				
12.	We	cannot move them by making a conscio-	us eff	ort. They are:				
	(a)	Voluntary muscles	(b)	Involuntary muscles				
	(c)	Cardiac muscle	(d)	None of these				
13.	The	tissue which insulate the body against the	ne col	d.				
	(a)	Areolar tissue	(b)	Adipose tissue				
	(c)	Elastic tissue	(d)	Bones				
14.	A c	ell which transmit messages from all part	ts of	the body to the brain and spine:				
	(a)	Blood	(b)	Lymph				
	(c)	WBCs	(d)	Neuron				
15.	A p	lant tissue which is a dead tissue ?						
	(a)	Xylem	(b)	Phloem				
	(c)	Parenchyma	(d)	Sclerenchyma				
16.	Loc	omotory structure of Amoeba is known	as:					
	(a)	Pseudopodia	(b)	Hagella				
	(c)	Tentacles	(d)	Cilia				
17.	Res	piratory tube or wind pipe is known as	•					
	(a)	Alveoli	(b)	Bronchus				
	(c)	Trachea	(d)	None of these				
18.	Con	mplete the reaction $C_6H_{12}O_6 + 6O_2 \rightarrow$	6CO	$e_2 + 6H_2O + ?$				
	(a)	Nitrogen	(b)	Smoke				
	(c)	Water	(d)	Energy				
19.	Woo	ody stems have minute openings for trans	spirati	on which called:				
	(a)	Cuticle	(b)	Veins				
	(c)	Stem	(d)	Lenticels				

20.	20. Innaling and Exhaling are the part of which process:							
	(a)	Respiration	(b)	Excretion				
	(c)	Breathing	(d)	None of these				
21.	Org	anisms that live on dead and decaying m	atter	:				
	(a)	Herbivores	(b)	Parasites				
	(c)	Saprophytes	(d)	Autotrophs				
22.	Hae	moglobin found in blood is a :						
	(a)	Fat	(b)	Protein				
	(c)	Carbohydrate	(d)	Vitamin				
23.	Vita	min K is soluble in :						
	(a)	Fat	(b)	Water				
	(c)	Salt	(d)	Milk				
24.	Whi	ch structure in a plant act as Mouth taki	ng in	gases and evaporating water vapour :				
	(a)	Xylem	(b)	Phloem				
	(c)	Vascular Bundle	(d)	Stomata				
25.	Refi	flesia plant which, produces largest flower	r is a	:				
	(a)	Saprophyte	(b)	Parasite				
	(c)	Symbionts	(d)	None of these				
26.	Algi	in a gummy substance used to thicken fo	od ite	ems like ice cream is obtained from:				
	(a)	Bacteria	(b)	Virus				
	(c)	Fungi	(d)	Algae				
27.	A u	nicellular organism which contain chloropl	ıyl.					
	(a)	Paramoecium	(b)	Euglena				
	(c)	Amoeba	(d)	None				
28.	An	intermediate form between the living and	non-l	iving.				
	(a)	Virus	(b)	Bacteria				
	(c)	Algae	(d)	Fungi				
29.	A b	acteria present in curd is:						
	(a)	Lactobacillus	(b)	Streptococaus				
	(c)	Escherichia	(d)	None				
30.	The	full form of AIDS is						
	(a)	Adenocine Immune Dominating Syndron	ne					
	(b)	Acquired Immuno Deficiency Syndrome						
	(c)	Deficiency syndrome						
	(d)	None						

#### **ANSWER-KEY**

1.	b	2.	a	3.	b	4.	c	5.	d	6.	a	7.	c
8.	c	9.	a	10.	c	11.	a	12.	b	13.	b	14.	d
15.	d	16.	a	17.	c	18.	d	19.	d	20.	c	21.	c
22.	b	23.	a	24.	d	25.	b	26.	d	27.	b	28.	a
29.	a	30.	b										

# **SOCIAL STUDIES**

#### **HISTORY**

- 1. Medieval Period in India
- 2. The Delhi Sultanate
- 3. The Vijayanagar & Bahmani Kingdom
- 4. The Mughals
- 5. Akbar & Shahjahan
- 6. The Rise of the Modern Period

1	411	d	CI							
1.		par, the greatest of the Mughal Empe		, 0						
	(a)	1656-1680	(b)	1550-1605						
•	(c)	1566-1605	(d)	1500-1600						
2.		study of Inscription is called:								
	(a)	Artistic study	(b)	Literature study						
	(c)	Archaeological study	(d)	Epigraphy						
3.	The	The study of coins is known as:								
	(a)	Manuscript	(b)	Artifacts						
	(c)	Epigraphy	(d)	Numismatic						
4.	A co	omplementary work of Abul Fazl:								
	(a)	Ain-i-Akbari	(b)	Padshahnama						
	(c)	Humayunama	(d)	Tuzuk-i-Jahangiri						
5.	The	The Kirtan system of worship is given by:								
	(a)	Guru Tegh Bahadur	(b)	Ramananda						
	(c)	Chaitanya Mahaprabhu	(d)	Vallabhacharya						
6.	Offi	cial Language of The Delhi Sultanate	e was :							
	(a)	Urdu	(b)	Hindi						
	(c)	Persian	(d)	Arabic						
7.	The	Qutub Minar was built by:								
	(a)	Qutb-ud-din	(b)	Iltutmish						
	(c)	Qutub-ud-din and Iltutmish	(d)	Balban						
8.	Ami	ir Khusran was patronized by:								
	(a)	Muhammd Ghori	(b)	Mahmud Ghazni						
	(c)	Qutb-ud-din Aibak	(d)	Ala-ud-din Khilji						

[ 26 ]

9.	Tick the correct chronology of dynasties of	f Delh	i Sultanat :						
	(a) Slave,Lodhi,Sayyid, Tughlaq, Khilji	(b)	Slave, Khilji, Lodhis, Sayyid, Tughlaq						
	(c) Khilji, Slave, Sayyid, Lodhi Tughlaq	(d)	Lodhi, Sayyid. Tughlaq, Khilji, Slave						
10.	Sikandar Lodhi founded the city of:								
	(a) Agra	(b)	Siri						
	(c) Jaunpur	(d)	Daulatabad						
11.	A ruler who defeated Prithviraj Chauhan a	and Ca	ptured Delhi in 1192 :						
	(a) Qutabuddin Aibak	(b)	Balban						
	(c) Alauddin Khilji	(d)	Muhammad Ghori						
12.	Mohammad Ghori attacked India mainly:								
	(a) To plunder the wealth of India	(b)	To establish his empire						
	(c) To spread enmity towards Afghan	(d)	To spread Islam						
13.	Who became the king of Delhi after the d	leath o	f Muhammad Ghori ?						
	(a) Qutb-din-Aibak	(b)	Balban						
	(c) Iltutmish	(d)	Razia						
14.	Who ascended the throne after Aibak?								
	(a) Aram Baksh	(b)	Iltutmish						
	(c) Razia	(d)	Balban						
15.	Who established the Vijay Nagar Empire	?							
	(a) Hari Hara and Bukka	(b)	Krishna-Devaraya						
	(c) Saluva Narasimha	(d)	Sadasivaraya						
16.	Hampi was the capital of	. King	gdom :						
	(a) Bahamani	(b)	Bijapur Sultans						
	(c) Vijayanagar	(d)	Golconda Sultans						
17.	Vijay Nagar and Bahmani Sultans fought frequently for control over:								
	(a) Raichur Doab	(b)	Bijapur						
	(c) Golconda	(d)	Gulbarga						
18.	The Vijay Nagar ruler who made treaty w	ith Po	rtuguese:						
	(a) Alia Ramaraya	(b)	Bukka						
	(c) Saluva Narasimha	(d)	Sri Krishna Devaraya						
19.	Who among the following rulers built Cha	rminar	in Hyderabad?						
	(a) The Mughals	(b)	The Bahamanis						
	(c) The Delhi Sultans	(d)	The Persians						
20.	I Battle of Panipat led to the establishmen	ıt	in India :						
	(a) Mughal Empire	(b)	Afghan Empire						
	(c) British Empire	(d)	Dutch Empire						
21.	Buland Darwaza built by Akbar was to co								
	(a) Gujarat	(b)	Bengal						
	(c) Delhi	(d)	Deccan						

22.	Whe	ere was t	he tom	b of Bal	bar bu	ilt ?								
	(a)	Delhi					(b)	Kabul						
	(c)	Agra					(d)	(d) Aurangabad						
23.	If Fa	atehpur S	Sikri is	associate	ed witl	h Akbar	then Kabul is associated with tomb of?							
	(a)	Humayu	ın				(b)	Aurangze	eb					
	(c)	Babur	Babur (d) Shahjahan											
24.	Who	om did B	abar fo	ught in	the firs	st Battle	of Pa	nipat ?						
	(a)	Bahlal I	Lodi				(b)	Muhamn	nad Lo	di				
	(c)	Ibrahim	Lodi				(d)	Sikander	Lodi					
25.	Whi	ch of the	follow	ing is N	ot asso	ociated w	ith M	Iughal Em	pire ?					
	(a)	Qutub 1	Minar				(b)	Taj Mah	al					
	(c)	Red Fo	rt				(d)	Etmad U	Jd Dau	lah				
26.	Who	is know	n as T	he Grea	t Mug	hal in the	e Indi	an History	?					
	(a)	Akbar					(b)	Akbar II	-					
	(c)	Shahjah	an				(d)	Aurangze	eb					
27.	Who	was the	archit	ect of Ta	ajmaha	1?								
	(a)	Amdulla	l				(b)	Ustad Ahmad Lahari						
	(c)	Usman	Khan				(d)	Utbi						
28.	Whi	ch was th	ne majo	or charac	eteristic	e of the	Renai	ssance ?						
	(a)	Conforn	nity				(b)	Humanisı	n					
	(c)	Mysticis	sm				(d)	Obedience						
29.	` '	-		lition wa	ıs basi	c to the	` '	opment of	f Greek	c Philoso	phy ar	nd Renais	ssance	
	Art?							1			1 3			
	(a)	Rigid S	ocial C	lasses			(b)	Emphasis on Individualism						
	(c)	Religiou					(d)	Mass Education						
30.		na Lisa'		2	iece of	f art of:	` ′							
	(a)	Michela		I			(b)	Leonardo	o-da-V	inci				
	(c)	Raphael	-	)			(d)	Johannes						
	(0)	тартас	Suilli	,			(4)	o o nomino	•					
						ANSWI	ER - K	KEY						
1.	c	2.	d	3.	d	4.	a	5.	c	6.	c	7.	c	
8.	c	9.	b	10.	a	11.	d	12.	a	13.	a	14.	a	
15.	a	16.	c	17.	a	18.	d	19.	b	20.	a	21.	a	
22.	b	23.	c	24.	c	25.	a	26.	a	27.	c	28.	b	
29.	c	30.	b											

# **CIVICS & GEOGRAPHY**

# **CIVICS**

1.

### **SYLLABUS**

Basic features of Indian Constitution

2.	Den	nocracy								
3.	Election									
4.	The Role of Women in India									
5.	Goo	od Citizenship								
1.	The	Governor of a State is appointed by th	e Pres	sident on the advice of the						
	(a)	Prime Minister of India	(b)	Vice- President of India						
	(c)	Chief Minister of that state	(d)	Chief Justice of India						
2.	The	President tenders his resignation to the								
	(a)	Chief Justice	(b)	Parliament						
	(c)	Vice President	(d)	Prime Minister						
3.	For	what period does the Vice President of	India	hold office?						
	(a)	5 years	(b)	Till the age of 65 years						
	(c)	6 years	(d)	2 years						
4.	The	impeachment or removal of the president	nt of ]	India is made by						
	(a)	The Parliament	(b)	The Chief Justice of India						
	(c)	All the Governors of state	(d)	All of the above						
5.	The Magna Carta, the Glorious Revolution, and the writings of John Locke all contributed to Great									
	Brit	ain's development of								
	(a)	Absolute monarchy	(b)	Ethnic rivalries						
	(c)	Parliamentary democracy	(d)	Imperialist policies						
6.	Whi	ich generalization about democracy is mo	st val	id?						
	(a)	Democratic political systems require a h	ighly	industrialized society						
	(b)	Democratic governments first evolved in	n Nor	th America						
	(c)	Democratic governments prevent their of	itizens	s from traveling abroad						
	(d)	Democratic governments protect basic of	civil lil	perties						
7.	Whi	ich factor is necessary for the developme	nt of	democratic institutions?						
	(a)	Strong military forces	(b)	Respect for individual rights						
	(c)	A one-party system	(d)	An agricultural economy						
8.	The	president of India holds office for a per	riod o	f:-						
	(a)	6	(b)	5						
	(c)	4	(d)	7						
9.	Pres	sident electoral college consists of:-								
	(a)	Members of Parliament								
	(b)	Members of Legislative Assembly								
	(c)	Members of state legislative council								
	(d)	Elected members of parliament & state	legisla	ative						

10.	A d	ispute regar	ding the	e electio	on of th	e Presid	dent is	s referred	to the	-			
	(a)	The Election	on com	mission	of India	a	(b)	The Parl	ament				
	(c)	The Supre	me Cou	ırt			(d)	The Vice	Presic	lent			
11.	Who	om does the	e speak	er of L	ok Sabh	a tende	ers his	s/her resig	nation				
	(a)	Prime Min	ister of	India			(b)	Vice Pre	sident				
	(c)	Governor	of Delh	i			(d)	Deputy S	Speake	r			
12.	Whi	ich of the fo	ollowing	s is NO	T true of	of gend	er rol	es?					
	(a)	Males are	physica	lly stro	nger on	averag	e thai	n women.					
	(b)	In most so	ocieties	males p	pre-emp	t major	centi	es of pub	lic pov	ver.			
	(c)	Matriarchi	es exist	ed in th	ne past l	but wer	e ove	erthrown b	y men	-			
	(d)	There are	many s	ocieties	without	t marke	d gen	der inequa	alities.				
13.	A d	owry											
	(a)	is compens	sation to	o the b	ride's fai	mily for	losin	ıg a daugl	nter				
	(b)	is the trans	sfer of	money	or weal	th by th	he gro	oom's fam	ily for	the loss	of his 1	abour	
	(c)	is wealth i	received	l by the	bride f	rom he	r husl	band's fan	nily				
	(d)	is compen	sation	for tak	res	ponsibil	lity fo	or the bri	de wh	ere wo	nen are	regard	led as
		economic	burden										
14.	Exo	gamy is											
	(a)	a rule stip	_			-			_	p.			
	(b)	a rule stip	ulating	one mu	st marry	inside	one's	own grou	ıp				
	(c)	a rule obs	erved o	only by	the Nay	yar							
	(d)	considered	incestu	ious in	some so	ocieties							
15.		o have the	•		ertain h	igh offi	ices s	uch as the	ose of	the pres	ident, V	ice-Pres	sident,
	Gov	vernor of St		?									
	(a)	Citizens or	•				(b)	Citizens					
	(c)	Citizens an					(d)	Citizens				as well	
16.		ich type of		-							dia?		
		Single citiz	_					Double c		_			
	(c)	Three citiz	enship				(d)	There is	no thin	ig like th	at in ou	ır consti	tution.
						NSWE	TD K	FV					
					P		ICS	L 1					
1.	a	2.	c	3.	a	4.	a	5.	c	6.	d	7.	b
8.	b	9.	d	10.	c	11.	d	12.	c	13	d	14.	a
15.	a	16	a										

#### **GEOGRAPHY**

# **SYLLABUS**

1.	The structure of the Earth									
2.	Effects of Pollution									
3.	Waves tides and Currents									
4.	North America - Land, Climate, Natural Vegetation, Resources & Their Utilization									
5.	South America - Land, Climate, Natural Vegetation, Resources and Their Utilization									
7.	Antarctica									
1.	The Earth's shape most closely re	sembles which of the following object								
	(a) a basketball	(b) a pear								
	(c) a ping-pong ball	(d) an apple								
2.	An observer watching a sailing shi away. Which statement best expla	p at sea notes that the ship appears to be "sinking" as it moves ins this observation?								
	(a) The surface of the ocean ha									
	(c) The earth is rotating	(d) The earth is revolving								
3.	•	Reference Tables, the equatorial radius of the Earth is approxi-								
٠.	mately	approximation and approximatio								
	(a) 637 km	(b) 6370 km								
	(c) 63700 km	(d) 637000 km								
4.		ever find the greatest force due to the Earth's gravity?								
	(a) North Pole	(b) Tropic of Capricorn								
	(c) Tropic of Cancer	(d) Equator								
5.	The water sphere of the earth is									
	(a) atmosphere	(b) troposphere								
	(c) lithosphere	(d) hydrosphere								
6.	Which statement provides the bes	t evidence that the Earth has a nearly spherical shape?								
	(a) The sun has a spherical shap									
	•	Star) changes with the observer's latitude in the Northern								
	Hemisphere.	,								
	(c) Star trails photographed ove	r a period of time show a circular path.								
	(d) The length of noontime shad	ows change throughout the year.								
7.	The latitude of a point in the Nor	thern Hemisphere may be determined by measuring the								
	(a) apparent diameter of Polaris									
	(c) distance to the Sun	(d) apparent diameter of the Sun								
8.	Many scientist believe that the gre	· / 11								
	(a) overgrazing on land in develo									

(b) using large amounts of gasoline, oil, and coal in developed nations(c) testing nuclear weapons in violation of the Nuclear Test Ban Treaty

	(d) using natural tertilizers to increase crop production							
9.	A major factor contributing to the destruction of the Amazon rain forests is the							
	(a) movement of people from rural to urban areas							
	(b) need for more farmland							
	(c) attempt of native peoples to end illegal drug traff	ffic						
	(d) None of these							
10.		phere has increased in recent years.						
	This change is a direct result of the							
	(a) improper storage of solid and nuclear waste							
	(b) excessive felling of trees and the increased use of							
	(c) dumping of inorganic material into lakes and rive							
	(d) use of herbicides and toxic substances such as							
11.		and dung as major sources of energy has						
	created an increase in							
	(a) economic dependence on industrialized nations							
	(b) sales an profits for international oil corporations							
	(c) deforestation and other environmental problems							
	(d) nuclear waste products							
12.	12. A negative impact of the use of modern technology is that							
	(a) levels of air and water pollution often increase							
	(b) economic opportunities are frequently limited							
	(c) contacts with other cultures decrease							
	(d) international trade is limited							
13.	In Latin America, the deforestation of the Amazon ra	in forest has led to						
	(a) the maintenance of a traditional way of life (b	) the discovery of new medicines						
	(c) overpopulation in rural regions (d	environmental dangers						
14.	Oceans cover approximately percent of	the Earth's surface.						
	(a) 30 (b)	) 50						
	(c) 70 (d	) 90						
15.	The height of an ocean wave increases as	_ •						
	(a) the wind speed increases							
	(b) the wind blows for longer times							
	(c) the distance over which the wind flows over the	e water increases						
	(d) all of these							
16.	The distance between two wave crests is called the							
	(a) wavelength (b	) wave height						
	(c) throw (d	) period						
17.	Waves cause small particles floating on the surface to	o move in						
	(a) horizontal elliptical orbits (b)	) vertical elliptical orbits						

	(c)	horizontal circular orbits		(d)	vertical circular orbit
18.	Wha	at is the name of the Mesozoic superconti	inent	that	consisted of all of the present continents?
	(a)	Eurasia		(b)	Laurasia
	(c)	Pangaea		(d)	Gondwanaland
19.	The	east coast of North America represents	a		
	(a)	convergent boundary		(d)	divergent boundary
	(c)	transform boundary		(d)	non of these
20.	In 5	50 million years?			
	(a)	150 kilometers		(b)	1000 kilometers
	(c)	1500 kilometers		(d)	30 kilometers
21.	The	se two countries are world leaders in cof	fee p	rodu	ction.
	(a)	Bolivia and Peru		(b)	Columbia and Brazil
	(c)	Uruguay and Bolivia		(d)	Chile and Paraguay
22.	Wha	at is the main language of most countries	in So	outh	America?
	(a)	English		(b)	Spanish
	(c)	French		(d)	Portuguese
23.	Wha	at is a mestizo?			
	(a)	Mix of Native American and Arab		(b)	Mix of European and Native American
	(c)	Mix of Black person and White person		(d)	Mix of Asian and African
24.	Wha	at Native American group ruled western S	South	Am	erica for hundreds of years?
	(a)	Incas		(b)	Cherokee
	(c)	Aztecs		(d)	Nez Perce
25	Wha	at is the fertile area where many crops ar	e gro	wn i	in Argentina?
	(a)	Pampas		(b)	Amazon
	(c)	Llanos		(d)	Highlands
26.	If y	ou want to attend one of the biggest C	arniv	al ce	elebrations in the world - which country
	wou	ıld you go to?			
	(a)	French Guyana	(b)	Ecu	ador
	(c)	Bolivia	(d)	Braz	zil
27.	Whi	ich country has a large Italian influence (a	as me	ntior	ned by our guest speaker)?
	(a)	Argentina	(b)	Col	ombia
	(c)	Brazil	(d)	Gui	ana
28.	This	s country is home to Lake Maracaibo			
	(a)	Paraguay	(b)	Chil	le
	(c)	Brazil	(d)	Ven	ezuela
29.	Whi	ich of the following countries is landlocke	d?		
	(a)	Paraguay	(b)	Col	ombia
	(c)	Ecuador	(d)	Pen	n

30.	. Which of these animals do you NOT get in Antar							rctica?						
	(a)	Penguins					(b)	Whales						
	(c)	Polar bea	ars				(d)	Seals						
31.	. Antarctica is:													
	(a)	(a) Nearly all exposed land with some glaciers												
	(b)	(b) About half ice and half exposed land												
	(c)	(c) Mainly ice, with a few areas of exposed land												
	(d)	None of	these											
32.	Wha	What are the native people of Antarctica called?												
	(a) A	Antarctican	IS				(b)	South Po	olians					
	(c)	There are	e no na	tive peop	ole of	Antarcti	ca(d)	North Po	olians					
33.	Anta	Antarctica has the world's largest?												
	(a)	Desert					(b)	Mountair	ns					
	(c)	Volcano					(d)	Continen	t					
	GEOGRAPI					GRAPI	ΗY							
1.	c	2.	b	3.	b	4.	a	5.	d	6.	b	7.	b	
8.	b	9.	c	10.	b	11.	c	12.	a	13.	d	14.	c	
15.	d	16.	a	17.	d	18.	c	19.	c	20.	c	21	b	
22.	b	23.	b	24.	a	25.	a	26.	d	27.	a	28.	d	
29.	a	30.	c	31.	c	32.	c	33.	a					
					CE	NIED A I	IZN	OWI ED	CE					
	SYI	LLABUS			GE	INCKAI		OWLED	GE					
	1.	Religion a	and My	thology			2.	Literature						
	3.	Famous 1	-				4.	Awards	-					
	5.	Sports ar					6.	Entertain	ment					
	7.	Inventions					8.	Abbreviations						
	9.	National		orld Eve	nts		10.	Current						
	11.	Health Is												
1.	The	sufism is	based	on Pir -	Murid	; PIR I	MURI	D means						
	(a)	Teacher a	and Pri	est			(b)	Teacher	and stu	ıdent				
	(c)	Teacher a	and Sci	holar			(d)	Priest an	d Serv	ants				
2.	Gara	am Pani sa	anctuar	y is locat	ed at									
	(a)	Junagarh,	Gujara	at			(b)	Diphu, A	Assam					
	(c)	Kohima,	Nagala	ınd			(d)	Gangtok	, Sikkir	n				
3.	Whi	ich of the	followi	ng discip	lines is	s Nobel	Prize	awarded '	?					
	(a)	Physics a	nd Che	emistry			(b)	Physiolo	gy or N	Medicine				
	(c) Literature, Peace and Economics					(d)	All of th	e abov	e					

4.	The	famous Rock Garden is located at		
	(a)	Chandigarh	(b)	New Delhi
	(c)	Sri Nagar	(d)	Shimla
5.	The	highest civilian award given by Government	nent o	f India
	(a)	Ashoka Chakra	(b)	Bharat Ratna
	(c)	Padmashree	(d)	Padmabhushan
6.	Gali	leo was an Italian astronomer who		
	(a)	Developed the telescope		
	(b)	Discovered four satellites of Jupiter		
	(c)	Discovered that the movement of pendu	ılum p	produces
	(d)	All of the above		
7.	The	following countries are not the members	of G	ulf Cooperation Council
	(a)	Saudi Arabia	(b)	Bahrain
	(c)	Qatar	(d)	Egypt
8.	Guv	vahati High Court is the judicature of		
	(a)	Nagaland	(b)	Arunachal Pradesh
	(c)	Assam	(d)	Manipur
9.	The	procedure of doping test is including the	e colle	ection of.
	(a)	Sugar sample	(b)	Urine sample
	(c)	Stool Sample	(d)	Blood Sample
10.	Hov	v many athletes may be used as substitu-	tes in	Relays race event
	(a)	One athlete.	(b)	Two athlete
	(c)	Three athlete	(d)	None of these.
11.	Whe	en is "World Peace Day"?		
	(a)	January 1	(b)	February 22
	(c)	September 2	(d)	December 31
12.	Film	and TV institute of India is located at		
	(a)	Pune	(b)	Rajkot
	(c)	Chennai	(d)	Mumbai
13.		en is "World Wetland Day"?		
	(a)	February 2	(b)	May 10
	(c)	June 11	(d)	July 9
14.		en is "World Cancer Day"?		
	(a)	February 4	(b)	February 19
	(c)	February 21	(d)	February 12
15.		Guru Govind Singh was	<i>a</i> >	
	(a)	The Ist Guru of the Sikh	(b)	Built Golden Temple
1.0	(c)	Both a) & b)	(d)	Founder of Khalsa
16.		en is "International Womens' Day"?	<i>a</i> >	Nr. 1.0
	(a)	January 2 March 2	(b)	March 8
	(c)	March /	(d)	March 22

17.	Vish	nakhapatnam is a city of India is associa	ated wi	ith
	(a)	Ship building	(b)	Mining
	(c)	I T Industry	(d)	All of these
18.	The	Rice Bowl of India is		
	(a)	Chathisgarh	(b)	Patna
	(c)	Bhopal	(d)	Guwahati
19.	The	Financial Capital of India is		
	(a)	Chennai	(b)	Mumbai
	(c)	Kolkata	(d)	Panjim
20.	Cora	al reefs in India can be found in		
	(a)	The coast of Odisha	(b)	Port Blair
	(c)	Rameshwaram	(d)	Trivandrum
21.	Dur	and Cup is associated with the game o	f ?	
	(a)	Cricket	(b)	Football
	(c)	Hockey	(d)	Volleyball
22.	Whi	ch of the following is a coastal city		
	(a)	Mumbai	(b)	Bangalore
	(c)	Bhopal	(d)	Nagpur
23.			Mater	ials (NCMM) is to be established in which of
	the	states ?		
	(a)	Kerala	(b)	Gujarat
	(c)	Rajasthan	(d)	Maharashtra
24.	Hea	dquarters of UNO are situated at		
	(a)	New York, USA	(b)	Hague (Netherland)
	(c)	Geneva	(d)	Paris
25.	The	Kyoto Protocol is associated with		
	(a)	E Governance	(b)	Climatic change
	(c)	Black Money Regulator	(d)	All of the above
26.		CAP stands for		
	(a)	Economic and Social Commission for		
	(b)	European Society Council for Africa a		
	(c)	Economic and Social Commission for	Africa	and Pacific
27	(d)	None of these	C 1:00	
27.		ose the correct pair of the Parliament of		
	(a)	Duma: Russia	(b)	House of Lords: US
20	(c)	Nepal : Rashtriya Sabha	(d)	Congress: UK
28.		alayan Mountaineering Institute is at	(1.)	D.L. 1
	(a)	Darjeeling	(b)	Dehradun D
20	(c)	Shimla	(d)	Dispur
29.		clif line is demarcation land boundary		
	(a)	China and Japan	(b)	India and China
	(c)	India and Pakistan	(d)	India and Afghanistan
		l	36]	

30.	India has largest deposits of	in the world	
	(a) Gold	(b)	Copper
	(c) Mica	(d)	None of the above
31.	India's first satellite is named after		
	(a) Aryabhatta	(b)	Apsara
	(c) Bhaskara I	(d)	Chandrayan
32.	India's first atomic reactor was		
	(a) Zerlina	(b)	Sputnik
	(c) Apsara	(d)	Laughing Buddha
33.	Full form of W H O		
	(a) World Hygiene Organisation	(b)	World Health Office
	(c) World Health Organisation	(d)	None of these
34.	The Headquarters of all the Three	Armed Forces	of India is located at
	(a) New Delhi	(b)	Kolkata
	(c) Lucknow	(d)	Mumbai
35.	National Defence Academy is locat	ed at	
	(a) Pune	(b)	Mumbai
	(c) Jaipur	(d)	Chennai
36.	Largest Producer State of Sugarcan	ne in India	
	(a) Uttar Pradesh	(b)	Maharashtra
	(c) Tamil Nadu	(d)	Jharkhand
37.	Hutti the only gold mining works in	n India is in	
	(a) Odisha	(b)	Karnataka
	(c) Kerala	(d)	West Bengal
38.	Tehran is the capital city of		
	(a) Afghanistan	(b)	Iraq
	(c) Iran	(d)	Bangladesh
39.	The only Indian city to have monor	rail is in	
	(a) Delhi	(b)	Kolkata
	(c) Nagpur	(d)	Mumbai
40.	The "Dachigam National Park" is in	1	
	(a) Jammu Kashmir	(b)	Himachal Pradesh
	(c) Mizoram	(d)	Assam
41.	Who was the author of the famous	s storybook 'Al	ice's Adventures in Wonderland'?
	(a) Rudyard Kipling	(b)	John Keats
	(c) Lewis Carroll	(d)	H G Wells
42.	How many lines does a sonnet have	/e?	
	(a) 10	(b)	12
	(c) 14	(d)	They vary
43.	Who wrote 'Where ignorance is bl	iss, it is folly to	be wise'?
	(a) Browning	(b)	Marx
	(c) Shakespeare	(d)	Kipling

44.	Name t	he book which opens with the line 'A	All chi	lidren, except one grew up"?
	(a) Th	e Railway Children	(b)	Winnie the Poo
	(c) Ju	ngle book	(d)	Peter Pan
45.	Which i	s the first Harry Potter book?		
	(a) HI	and the Goblet of Fire	(b)	HP and the Philosopher's Stone
	(c) HI	and the Chamber of Secrets	(d)	Jeam
46.	In which	h century were Geoffrey Chaucer's C	antert	oury Tales written?
	(a) 14	th	(b)	15th
	(c) 16	th	(d)	17th
47.	What na	ationality was Robert Louis Stevensor	n, wri	ter of 'Treasure Island'?
	(a) Sc	ottish	(b)	Welsh
	(c) Iris	sh	(d)	French
48.	'Jane Ey	re' was written by which Bronte sist	er?	
	(a) Ar	ine	(b)	Charlotte
	(c) En	nily	(d)	None of these
49.	What is	the book 'Lord of the Flies' about?		
	(a) A	round trip around the USA	(b)	A swarm of killer flies
	(c) Sc	hoolboys on the desert island	(d)	Kidnapping of school children
50.	In the b	book' The Lord of the Rings', who of	r wha	at is Bilbo?
	(a) Dy	varf	(b)	Wizard
	(c) Ho	obbit	(d)	Troll
51.	Who w	rote the crime novel "Ten Little Nigge	ers"?	
	(a) Sir	Arthur Conan Doyle	(b)	Irvine Welsh
	(c) Ag	gatha Christie	(d)	Emile Zola
52.	The spe	cial court which tackles environmenta	al pro	blem is known as
	(a) Ce	entral Environmental Court	(b)	National Environmental Court
	(c) Na	tional Geographical Court	(d)	National Green Tribunal
53.	Which a	among the following languages is not	listed	under the 8th schedule of Indian constitution
	(a) Sa	nthali	(b)	Konkani
	(c) Ma	arathi	(d)	Bhojpuri
54.	World's	largest tiger reserve is located in		
	(a) Ch	ina	(b)	Thailand
	(c) Ne	epal	(d)	Myanmar
55.	Which e	economist had developed the concept of	of Na	tional Income Measurement and its significance
	in Econ	omic Development?		
	(a) Ra	gnar Nurkse	(b)	Amartya Sen
	(c) Sir	non Kuznets	(d)	John Maynard Keynes
56.	Who pla	ayed Batman against Jack Nicholson'	s Jok	er?
	(a) Va	l Kilmer	(b)	Michael Keaton
	(c) To	mmy Lee Jones	(d)	Nicholas Cage

57.	Which cricketer's popularity was so m	uch that hi	s wedding was broadcast live on the govern-
	ment television throughout the country?		
	(a) Clive Lloyd	(b)	Vivian Richards
	(c) Michael Holding	(d)	Malcolm Marshal
58.	Select the city not affected by ISIS		
	(a) Tel a Viv	(b)	Tikrit
	(c) Mosul	(d)	None of these
59.	The Finance Minister presents yearly but	adget in	
	(a) Rajya Sabha	(b)	Presidents House
	(c) Prime Ministers Office	(d)	Lok Sabha
60.	The state which got 100% sanitization	status	
	(a) West Bengal	(b)	Andhra Pradesh
	(c) Kerala	(d)	Sikkim
61.	What is the name of the disease in man	n arising o	at of Vitamin B1 deficiency?
	(a) Scurvy	(b)	Beriberi
	(c) Pellagra	(d)	Gingivitis
62.	The deficiency of which of the followin	g group of	nutrients affects the skin?
	(a) Iron, Iodine, Zinc, Potassium	(b)	Riboflacin, Niacin, Pyridoxine, Pantothenic Acid
	(c) Vitamin K, Calcium, Fluorine, Cop	pper (d)	All the three
63.	What does niacin deficiency cause ?		
	(a) Acne	(b)	Scurvy
	(c) Boils	(d)	Pellagra
64.	What are the effects of Vitamin B6 def	ficiency?	
	(a) Beriberi	(b)	Scurvy
	(c) Dermatomyoma	(d)	Certain types of Eczema
65.	Which of the following diseases is asso	ciated with	Vitamin C deficiency ?
	(a) Psoriasis	(b)	Scurvy
	(c) Pellagra	(d)	Vitiligo
66.	What does Vitamin K deficiency lead t	to?	
	(a) Problem in digestion	(b)	Problem in Blood Coagulation
	(c) Problem in Calcium Metabolism	(d)	All the three
67.	Using purgatives on a regular basis is l	narmful to	health. Which deficiency does it cause ?
	(a) Iron	(b)	Potassium
	(c) Iodine	(d)	Chromium
68.	Keth Cross the First woman umpire be	elongs	
	(a) Australia	(b)	New Zealand
	(c) England	(d)	South Africa
69.	Select the incorrect pair of National Pa	ırk	
	(a) Dachigam - J & K	(b)	Manas - Assam
	(c) Pachmari - M P	(d)	Keoldeo - Arunachal Pradesh

70. Night blindness drying of the conjunctiva, dry and scaly skin and				l loss of	hair aı	re some	of the						
	•	ptoms of :		ionary			(b)	Vitamin A deficiency					
	(a)	Vitamin k		lency			(b)			•			
71	(c)	Iron defic	•	*************	ivad a	t vyhiah :	(d)	Folic aci		-	ah+9		
71.		as First W	alei ex	press arr	iveu a	t Willen		-	eopie i	HOIII GIO	ugni?		
	(a)	Bolangir					(q)	Latur					
72	(c)	Bijapur	T., 1:	:-:1-		1 - 0 4	(d)	Bidar		. 1 D:	_		
72.		hMos is an			nameo	i aner tv				na Kussi	a		
	(a)	National A	Anımals	S			(b)	Defence					
	(c)	Rivers	<b>~</b> 1		0.1	> ******	(d)	Economi	ic deals	3			
73.		o is the Vi		urperson	of the	e NITI A							
	(a)	B S Bass					(b)	Prof Arv					
	(c)	D G Patl					(d)	Mr Nano					
74.	"Bh	aratavani "		_	l knov	vledge po				•			•
	(a)	Ministry of					(b)	Ministry				Developn	nent
	(c)	Ministry			-		` '	Ministry			-		
75.	The	Islamic D	evelopr	ment Bar	ık (ID	B) will o	pen i			which c	ity of I	ndia?	
	(a)	Ajmer					(b)	Ahmedal	bad				
	(c)	Raipur					(d)	Lucknow	I				
						ANSW	ER K	KEY					
1.	b	2.	b	3.	d	4.	a	5.	b	6.	d	7.	d
8.	c	9.	b	10.	a	11.	a	12.	a	13.	a	14.	a
15.	d	16.	b	17.	a	18.	a	19.	b	20.	c	21.	b
22.	a	23.	a	24.	a	25.	b	26.	a	27.	a	28.	a
29.	c	30.	c	31.	a	32.	c	33.	c	34.	a	35.	a
36.	b	37.	b	38.	c	39.	d	40.	a	41.	c	42.	c
43.	c	44.	d	45.	b	46.	a	47.	a	48.	d	49.	c
50.	c	51.	c	52.	d	53.	d	54.	d	55.	c	56.	b
57.	b	58.	a	59.	d	60.	d	61.	b	62.	b	63.	d
64.	d	65.	b	66.	b	67.	b	68.	b	69.	d	70.	b
71.	b	72.	c	73	b	74.	b	75.	b				

## PART - B (SUBJECTIVE TYPE)

#### **ESSAY WRITING**

#### **Instructions:**

- \* Students are required to write an essay on any ONE of the given topics
- \* Maximum word limit is 300 words
- \* Part B is considered only if you score 80% and above in Part A Objective type
- \* Attempting **Essay is compulsory** failing which the answer sheet will not be considered for grading even if you score 100% in Part A
- \* Adequate space will be provided for Part B
- \* There is **no provision of Extra Sheet** so please complete the essay in the space given to you

## **Topics**

- 1. Write an essay on global warming.
- 2. Write an essay on various health schemes of the Union Government and how does it help the common man.
- 3. Write an essay on Rural and Urban health problems and bring out some measures to create an healthy environment.
- 4. Write an essay on deforestation and its adverse effects on environment.
- 5. Write an essay on leprosy and the social stigma attached to it.

## KNEUS SCHOLASTICAPTITUDE TEST CLASS VIII

# **Model Question Paper**

#### **Kindly follow the instructions**

- Verify your Roll Number, School Code and other details before you start answering
- This question paper contains **100 questions in Part A**. Each question is followed by a series of choices or possible answers. Choose any one option which you feel is correct.
- All questions carry equal marks. There is no negative marking for wrong answers.
- There is a essay writing in Part B. No evaluation will be made if Part B is unattempted.
  - Thus Both the sections are to be compulsorily attempted. However part B is considered only when a student secures more than 90% in Part A Objective type
- Try to answer every question. Your test score will be based on the number of questions you answer correctly.
- Please attempt Part B in the space provided in the test booklet or any other specified medium
- use either blue or black pen for shading the OMR.
- Please do not mark anything on the OMR sheet other than shading portion to mark your answers
- shade only one answer for each question. Double shading are scored as wrong answers.
- Keep your answer sheets on a hard surface while answering. Do not fold or crease your answer sheet.
- Do not scribble on the answer book.
- For rough work use the plain sheet given at the end of the book.
- When you finish your test, if time permits, you may re check your work.

#### Sample Procedure for answering the question

Who is remembered as the missile man of India?

A.	Mr. Narendra Modi	B.	Dr. Manmohan Singh
C.	Dr. Pranab Mukherjee	D.	Smt Pratibha Patil
E.	Dr. APJ Abdul Kalam		
	Correct Way		Don't do this way
[A]	[B] [C] [D] [ <del></del>	=	[A] [B] [C] [D] [✔] [A] [B] [C] [D] [※] [A] [B] [C] [D] [⑥]

# **PART A (OBJECTIVE TYPE)**

	Find the most appropriate mea	ning of:	
1.	Refreshing		
	(a) Producing	(b) Surprisingly	
	(c) Encouraging	(d) Pleasantly	
	(e) Consuming		
	Fill in the blanks with correct	<u>determines :</u>	
2.	She bought a gift for	child.	
	(a) few	(b) some	
	(c) every	(d) any	
	(e) each		
	There is a wonderful view from	balcony.	
	(a) these	(b) those	
	(c) this	(d) that	
	(e) their		
	Fill in the blank with the corre	ect form of the verb.	
1.	Madhu and Anu	for two hours.	
	(a) was shopping	(b) have been shopping	
	(c) were shopping	(d) has been shopping	
	(e) is shopping		
5.	Weto Bangalore	next week.	
	(a) has been going	(b) was going	
	(c) are going	(d) were going	
	(e) is doing		
	Use an appropriate conjunction	to fill the blanks.	
5.	Mend your habit	you will repent.	
	(a) as if	(b) so that	
	(c) otherwise	(d) that	
	(e) as that		
7.	He is a good servant	he has greed for food.	
	(a) but	(b) where as	
	(c) only	(d) for	
	(e) if		
	Mention the form of verb used	transitive, intransitive verb or a lin	king verb.
3.	The dog jumped.		
	(a) Linking verb	(b) transitive verb	
	(c) intransitive verb	(d) None of these	
	(e) All of these		
9.	Ankit opened the door.		
	(a) Intransitive verb	(b) Transitive verb	
	(c) Linking verb	(d) None of these	
	(e) All of these		

	Rea	d the sentences carefully and find ou	ıt wha	at is used Infinitive, Gerund or Participle.
10.	I ha	ve heard this.		
	(a)	Participle	(b)	Infinitive
	(c)	Gerund	(d)	None of these
	(e)	All of these		
11.	Help	the poor and needy.		
	(a)	Participle	(b)	Gerund
	(c)	Infinitive	(d)	None of these
	(e)	All of these		
	Cho	ose the right kind of Adverb Clause	es use	d in the sentences.
12.	Whe	ere there is will, there is a way.		
	(a)	Adverb clauses of condition	(b)	Adverb clause of reason
	(c)	Adverb clause of place	(d)	None of these
	(e)	Adverb clause of result		
13.	I an	n Glad that she has got promotion.		
	(a)	Adverb clause of reason	(b)	Adverb clause of place
	(c)	Adverb clause of condition	(d)	None of these
	(e)	Adverb clause of concession		
14.	The	want to buy a house where there is a	good	school.
	(a)	Adverb clause of reason	(b)	Adverb clause of place
	(c)	Adverb clause of condition	(d)	None of these
	(e)	Adverb clause of manner		
	Fill	in the blanks with Passive form of t	the ve	erbs :
15.	A n	napby you (draw).		
	(a)	drew	(b)	were drawn
	(c)	was drawn	(d)	drawing
	(e)	None of these		
16.	The	beggarat by him. (laugh	h)	
	(a)	will be laughed	(b)	is laughed
	(c)	laughed	(d)	was laughed
	(e)	is laughing		
17.	The	cricket matchby him. (p	lay)	
	(a)	had played	(b)	were played
	(c)	played	(d)	will have been played
	(e)	is playing		
		nplete the blanks in the following ser		_
18.		I call John just now for he i		_
	(a)	must	(b)	need
	(c)	could	(d)	ought to
	(e)	would		

19.	Jyoti asked me if Ilike	e to come to the party too.	
	(a) could	(b) would	
	(c) might	(d) will	
	(e) may		
20.	Tarunbe waiting for us		
	(a) could	(b) would	
	(c) should	(d) shall	
	(e) can		
21.	$\sqrt[3]{-125}$ is equal to		
	(a) -5	(b) 5	
	(c) $5\sqrt{5}$	(d) $-5\sqrt{5}$	
	(e) 6		
22.	If HCF and LCM of the given number	s is 4 and 25 then product of the number	rs is
	(a) 50	(b) 25	
	(c) 50	(d) 100	
	(e) 150		
23.	Three numbers are in the ratio 1: 2: 3 a	nd their HCF is 12. The number is	
	(a) 4, 8, 12	(b) 5, 10, 15	
	(c) 10, 20, 30	(d) 12, 24, 36	
	(e) None of these		
24.	The difference between a number and	ts three fifth is 50. What is the number?	
	(a) 25	(b) 100	
	(c) 125	(d) 50	
	(e) None of these		
25.	If $x = 3$ and $y = 4$ then $x^y - y^x$ is		
	(a) 17	(b) 27	
	(c) 32	(d) 16	
	(e) 28		
26.	20. If $x + y = 10$ and $x y = 24$ , then	x - y is	
	(a) 4	(b) 2	
	(c) 5	(d) 3	
	(e) 6		
27.	25. If $9^x = 27$ then x is equal to		
	(a) 1/2	(b) 3/2	
	(c) 3	(d) 2/3	
	(e) 1/3		

28.	Ifx	= 3 and y = 4 then $x^y - y^x$ is		
	(a)	17	(b)	27
	(c)	32	(d)	16
	(e)	62		
29.	IfΔ	: B = 3 : 4  and  B : C = 5 : 6  then A and C	is	
<i>2</i> ).	(a)	5:9	(b)	3:4
	(c)	1:2	(d)	5:8
	(e)	8:10	(4)	2.0
30.		e milk and water ratio in 16 litre mixture is 5	5 : 3 th	en amount of milk is
	(a)	2 litres	(b)	10 litres
	(c)	6 litres	(d)	8 litres
	(e)	50 litres		
31.	The	e simple interest on Rs 10000 is $2\frac{1}{2}$ year	s at 4	% per annum is Rs.
	(a)	1000	(b)	8000
	(c)	1200	(d)	1500
	(e)	none of these	( )	
32.	The	e average salary of 30 workers in a factory	y is Rs	5000 per month. If the salary of the manager is
	incl	uded. The average salary comes out to be	Rs 55	00. The salary of the manager is Rs.
	(a)	20, 500	(b)	20, 000
	(c)	15000	(d)	22500
	(e)	2300		
33	The	angle subtended at a point is equal to		
	(a)	0°	(b)	90°
	(c)	180°	(d)	360°
	(e)	$45^{0}$		
34.	The	sum of the adjacent angles in the parallelo	gram	is
	(a)	90°	(b)	60°
	(c)	180°	(d)	360°
	(e)	$0^{0}$		
35.	The	sum of interior and exterior angle of a pol	lygon	IS
	(a)	180°	(b)	270°
	(c)	360°	(d)	90°
	(e)	$40^{0}$		

36.	The sum of exterior angle of a triangle is		
	(a) 180°	(b)	270°
	(c) 360°	(d)	540°
	(e) $190^{\circ}$		
37.	The number of vertices in the cuboid are		
	(a) 12	(b)	8
	(c) 6	(d)	5
	(e) 10		
38.	The ratio of the area of square to that of s	quare drav	vn on its diagonal is
	(a) 1:1	(b)	1:2
	(c) 1:3	(d)	1:4
	(e) 1:5		
39.	• •	is 15 m and	d height is 8 m is 512 m <sup>2</sup> . then the length of the hall
	is		
	(a) 14 m	(b)	16 m
	(c) 10 m	(d)	12 m
	(e) 18 m	. ,	
40.		cm³ and 2′	7 cm³ are melted to form a new cube then edge of
	new cube formed is		
	(a) 12 cm	(b)	6 cm
	(c) 10 cm	(d)	15 cm
	(e) 18 cm		
41.	Time period of simple pendulum depend	ls on	
	(a) Mass	(b)	Material
	(c) Size	(d)	Length
40	(e) Hour		
42.	In a distance-time graph a line parallel		` ' '
	<ul><li>(a) Uniform motion</li><li>(c) Non- uniform motion</li></ul>	(b) (d)	Body at rest Uniform speed
	(e) None of these	(u)	Offinoriti speed
43.	Cyclones causes due to		
	(a) Low pressure	(b)	High pressure
	(c) Height of the place	(d)	Melting of Icebergs
	(e) None of these	( )	
44.	The process in which solids are directly	converted	l into gaseous state is called
	(a) Vaporization	(b)	Sublimation
	(c) Condensation	(d)	Solidification
	(e) None of these		

45.	Who	en the moon comes in between the sun	and th	ne Earth than it is			
	(b)	Lunar eclipse	(b)	Solar eclipse			
	(c)	No eclipse	(d)	Change season			
	(e)	None of these					
46.	The	image which can be focused on the sc	reen is	called image			
	(a)	Virtual	(b)	Real			
	(c)	Erect	(d)	Enlarged			
	(e)	None of these					
47.	A fi	use wire should have					
	(a)	A low melting point	(b)	High melting point			
	(c)	Very high melting point	(d)	None of these			
	(e)	None of these					
48.	A k	ilowatt- hour is a unit of					
	(b)	Power	(b)	Energy			
	(c)	Current	(d)	Voltage			
	(e)	Coulamb					
49.	Phys	sical change is :					
	(a)	Temporary and reversible	(b)	Temporary and irreversible			
	(c)	Temporary and permanent	(d)	Depends on medium			
	(e)	None of these					
50.	Which of the following equations represents a displacement reaction?						
	(a)	$2H_2 + O_2 \rightarrow 2H_2O$	(b)	$N_2 + 3H_2 \rightarrow 2NH_3$			
	(c)	$2H_2O \rightarrow 2H_2 + O_2$	(d)	$Mg + H_2O \rightarrow MgO + H_2$			
	(e)	None of these					
51.	Sou	ring agent for pickles:					
	(a)	Tartaric acid	(b)	Citric acid			
	(c)	Sulphuric acid	(d)	Nitric acid			
	(e)	All of these					
52.	Solı	able bases are called:					
	(a)	Compound	(b)	Elements			
	(c)	Alkalis	(d)	Basic Salt			
	(e)	All of these					
53.	Pure	e gold is said to be :					
	(a)	22 Carats	(b)	23 Carats			
	(c)	25 Carats	(d)	24 Carats			
	(e)	20 Carats					
54.	The	boiling point of water varies with:					
	(a)	Temperature	(b)	Pressure			
	(c)	Volume	(d)	Density			
	(e)	None of these					

55.	How	is the oxygen of Air Renewed:		
	(a)	Respiration	(b)	Breathing
	(c)	Photosynthesis	(d)	Preciptation
	(e)	None of these		
56.	Num	aber of chromosomes in each cell of hun	nan is	:
	(a)	16	(b)	46
	(c)	26	(d)	56
	(e)	64		
57.	The	outer most non-living part of plant cell.		
	(a)	Tonoplast	(b)	Chloroplast
	(c)	Cell-wall	(d)	Cell-membrane
	(e)	None of these		
58.	If Re	espiration: Oxygen, Photosynthesis: ?		
	(a)	Nitrogen	(b)	Water
	(c)	Carbondioxide	(d)	Hydrogen
	(e)	Carbon-monoxide		
59.	A ce	ell which transmit messages from all part	s of t	he body to the brain and spine:
	(a)	Blood	(b)	Lymph
	(c)	WBCs	(d)	Neuron
	(e)	RBC		
60.	Woo	dy stems have minute openings for trans	piratio	on which called:
	(a)	Cuticle	(b)	Veins
	(c)	Stem	(d)	Lenticels
	(e)	Toots	, ,	
61.	` '	oar, the greatest of the Mughal Emperor	s of I	ndia, reigned from:
	(a)	1656-1680	(b)	1550-1605
	(c)	1566-1605	(d)	1500-1600
	(e)	1550-1750		
62.		mluk means :		
	(a)	Lord	(b)	King
	(c)	Slave	(d)	Son
	(e)	Prince		
63.		andar Lodhi founded the city of:	<i>a</i> >	a
	(a)	Agra	(b)	Siri
	(c) (e)	Jaunpur Mathura	(d)	Daulatabad
	(e)	IVIAIHHTA		

64.	Who established the Vijay Nagar Empire ?					
	(a) Hari Hara and Bukka	(b)	Krishna-Devaraya			
	(c) Saluva Narasimha	(d)	Sadasivaraya			
	(e) Krishnaraja Wodeyar					
65.	The war which led to the establishment of Mughal Empire in India:					
	(a) I Panipat War	(b)	II Panipat War			
	(c) III Panipat War	(d)	Kanwa War			
	(e) Afghan War					
66.	Whom did Babar fought in the first Battle of Panipat ?					
	(a) Bahlal Lodi	(b)	Muhammad Lodi			
	(c) Ibrahim Lodi	(d)	Sikander Lodi			
	(e) Alam Shah					
67.	Which societal condition was basic to the	Which societal condition was basic to the development of Greek Philosophy and Renaissance				
	Art ?					
	(a) Rigid Social Classes	(b)	Emphasis on Individualism			
	(c) Religious Uniformity	(d)	Mass Education			
	(e) Women Empowerment					
68.	The Governor of a State is appointed by					
	(a) Prime Minister of India	(b)	Vice- President of India			
	(c) Chief Minister of that state	(d)	Chief Justice of India			
<i>c</i> o	(e) Attorney General	C T 1:	1.11			
69.	•	For what period does the Vice President of India hold office?				
	(a) 5 years	(b)	Till the age of 65 years			
	(c) 6 years	(d)	2 years			
70	(e) 4 years The impeachment or removal of the president of India is made by					
70.			The Chief Justice of India			
	<ul><li>(a) The Parliament</li><li>(c) All the Governors of state</li></ul>	(b) (d)	CAG			
	(e) Prime Minister	(u)	CAG			
71.	Which factor is necessary for the development of democratic institutions?					
/ 1.	(a) Strong military forces	(b)	Respect for individual rights			
	(c) A one-party system	(d)	An agricultural economy			
	(e) All of these	(-)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
72.	A dispute regarding the election of the President is referred to the:-					
	(a) The Election commission of India	(b)	The Parliament			
	(c) The Supreme Court	(d)	The Vice President			
	(e) High Court					
73.	A dowry					
	(a) is compensation to the bride's family for losing a daughter					
	(b) is the transfer of money or wealth by the groom's family for the loss of his labour					
	(c) is wealth received by the bride from her husband's family					

	(a)	economic burden	llity fo	or the bride where women are regarded as		
	(e)	All of these				
74.	Exo	Exogamy is				
	(a) a rule stipulating that one must marry outside one's own group.					
	(b)					
	(c)	a rule observed only by the Nayar				
	(d)	considered incestuous in some societies				
	(e)	None of these				
75.	According to the Earth Science Reference Tables, the equatorial radius of the Earth is approxi-					
	mately					
	(a)	637 km	(b)	6370 km		
	(c)	63700 km	(d)	637000 km		
	(e)	None of these				
76.	The	The latitude of a point in the Northern Hemisphere may be determined by measuring the				
	(a)	apparent diameter of Polaris	(b)	altitude of Polaris		
	(c)	distance to the Sun	(d)	apparent diameter of the Sun		
	(e) None of these					
77.	Oceans cover approximately percent of the Earth's surface.					
	(a)	30		(b) 50		
	(c)	70		(d) 90		
	(e)	80				
78.	A n	A negative impact of the use of modern technology is that				
	(a)	,				
	(b)					
	(c)	contacts with other cultures decrease				
	(d)	international trade is limited				
	(e)	traditional life				
79.	What is the fertile area where many crops are grown in Argentina?					
	(a)	Pampas		(b) Amazon		
	(c)	Llanos		(d) Highlands		
0.0	(e)	Taiga	. ,			
80.		•	tinent	that consisted of all of the present continents?		
	(a)	Eurasia		(b) Laurasia		
	(c)	Pangaea		(d) Gondwanaland		
0.1	(e)	Angaraland				
81.		am Pani sanctuary is located at	(b)	Dinhy Aggara		
	(a)	Junagarh, Gujarat	(b)	Diphu, Assam		
	(c)	Kohima, Nagaland	(d)	Gangtok, Sikkim		
	(e)	Simlipal Odisha				

82.	The highest civilian award given by Government of India					
	(a)	Ashoka Chakra	(b)	Bharat Ratna		
	(c)	Padmashree	(d)	Padmavibhushan		
	(e)	Padmabhushan				
83.	Guwahati High Court is the judicature of					
	(a)	Nagaland	(b)	Arunachal Pradesh		
	(c)	Assam	(d)	Manipur		
	(e)	Sikkim				
84.	When is "World Wetland Day" ?					
	(a)	February 2	(b)	May 10		
	(c)	June 11	(d)	July 9		
	(e)	April 11				
85.	When is "International Womens' Day"?					
	(a)	January 2	(b)	March 8		
	(c)	March 2	(d)	March 22		
	(e)	February 22				
86.	Durand Cup is associated with the game of ?					
	(a)	Cricket	(b)	Football		
	(c)	Hockey	(d)	Volleyball		
	(e)	Rugby				
87.	Acc	According to the World Migration Report, which country topped the list of countries of origin of				
	migrant doctors in OECD countries?					
	(a)	India	(b)	China		
	(c)	Guyana	(d)	Germany		
	(e)	Philippines				
88.	The Headquarters of all the Three Armed Forces of India is located at					
	(a)	New Delhi	(b)	Kolkata		
	(c)	Lucknow	(d)	Mumbai		
	(e)	Pune				
89.	How many lines does a sonnet have?					
	(a)	10	(b)	12		
	(c)	14	(d)	13		
	(e)	18				
90.	In which century were Geoffrey Chaucer's Canterbury Tales written?					
	(a)	14th	(b)	15th		
	(c)	16th	(d)	17th		
	(e)	18th				
91.	In the book' The Lord of the Rings', who or what is Bilbo?					
	(a)	Dwarf	(b)	Wizard		
	(c)	Hobbit	(d)	Troll		
	(e)	None of these				

92.	Which among the following languages is not listed under the 8th schedule of Indian constitution						
	(a)	Santhali	(b)	Konkani			
	(c)	Marathi	(d)	Bhojpuri			
	(e)	Punjabi					
93.	Using purgatives on a regular basis is harmful to health. Which deficiency does it cause?						
	(a)	Iron	(b)	Potassium			
	(c)	Iodine	(d)	Chromium			
	(e)	All of these					
94.	Wha	What colour of caps are worn by the Australian national cricket team?					
	(a)	Red	(b)	Green			
	(c)	Blue	(d)	Azure gray			
	(e)	Yellow					
95.	Eur	Europe is surrounded by nine sea basins. Which of the following is NOT one of the nine?					
	(a)	Black Sea	(b)	Mediterranean Sea			
	(c)	Red Sea	(d)	White Sea			
	(d)	None of these					
96.	Whi	ich country on 11 January 2015 announce	ed to	host an International Anti-terror Summit in the			
	mor	of February 2015?					
	(a)	The United Kingdom	(b)	The United States			
	(c)	France	(d)	India			
	(e)	None of these					
97.	Rec	Recently a telecom company made all the roaming charges free all over India that is					
	(a)	Airtel	(b)	Vodafone			
	(c)	BSNL	(d)	Aircel			
	(e)	Idea					
98.		Recently which among the following countries has overtaken India to become the larges					
	con	tributor of FDI to Nepal?					
	(a)	China	(b)	Russia			
	(c)	USA	(d)	Sri Lanka			
	(e)	None of these					
99.	Which Indian bank on 7 January 2015 launched contactless credit cards and debit cards?						
	(a)	HDFC Bank	(b)	ICICI Bank			
	(c)	Axis Bank	(d)	Citibank			
	(e)	Federal Bank					
100.	, and the second se						
	(a)						
	(b)	It is fifth generation fighter aircraft bein	_				
	(c)	It is fifth generation nuclear submarine being built by India and France jointly					
	(d)	Both (a) and (b)					
	(e)	None of these					

# PART B (SUBJECTIVE TYPE) ESSAY WRITING

## **Instructions**

Essay Should be written in **Ball point pen only either blue or black**. Essay should be written in the space provided.

## Select any one of the given topics and write without exceeding 300 words

- 1. Write an essay on Leprosy
- 2. Write an essay on different communicable diseases

